

Enterprise Products Partners L.P. (the "Partnership") is filing an investor presentation that discloses a variety of financial, operating and general information regarding the Partnership. In addition, this material contains references to the proposed merger of Oiltanking Partners, L.P. with a subsidiary of the Partnership. The communication will be posted on the Partnership's website, www.enterpriseproducts.com.



ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L.P.
**UBS MLP ONE-ON-ONE
CONFERENCE**

January 13–14, 2015

Randy Fowler
EVP and CFO

EPD
LISTED
NYSE



FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains forward-looking statements based on the beliefs of the company, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to our management team. When used in this presentation, words such as “anticipate,” “project,” “expect,” “plan,” “seek,” “goal,” “estimate,” “forecast,” “intend,” “could,” “should,” “will,” “believe,” “may,” “potential” and similar expressions and statements regarding our plans and objectives for future operations, are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Although management believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of their dates. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expected, including insufficient cash from operations, adverse market conditions, governmental regulations, the possibility that tax or other costs or difficulties related thereto will be greater than expected, the impact of competition and other risk factors discussed in our latest filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

All forward-looking statements attributable to Enterprise or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained herein, in such filings and in our future periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Except as required by law, we do not intend to update or revise our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This communication does not constitute an offer to buy or solicitation of an offer to sell any securities. In furtherance of the proposed merger of Oiltanking Partners, L.P. ("Oiltanking") with a wholly-owned subsidiary of Enterprise, Enterprise has filed a registration statement with the SEC that includes a proxy statement of Oiltanking that also constitutes a prospectus of Enterprise. The registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on January 9, 2015. On or about January 15, 2015, Oiltanking and Enterprise will begin mailing the definitive proxy statement / prospectus to Oiltanking unitholders of record as of the close of business on the January 2, 2015 record date. This communication is not a substitute for any proxy statement, registration statement, prospectus or other document Enterprise and/or Oiltanking has filed or may file with the SEC in connection with the proposed merger. **INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS OF ENTERPRISE AND OILTANKING ARE URGED TO READ THE PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS, REGISTRATION STATEMENT AND OTHER DOCUMENTS FILED WITH THE SEC CAREFULLY IN THEIR ENTIRETY BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPOSED MERGER.** Investors and security holders can obtain free copies of these documents and other documents filed with the SEC by Enterprise and/or Oiltanking through the web site maintained by the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the registration statement and the definitive proxy statement/prospectus and the SEC filings that will be incorporated by reference in the proxy statement/prospectus may also be obtained for free by directing a request to: (i) Investor Relations: Enterprise Products Partners L.P., (713) 381-6500, or (ii) Investor Relations, Oiltanking Partners, L.P., (281) 457-7900.

Enterprise, Oiltanking and their respective general partners, and the directors and certain of the management of the respective general partners, may be deemed to be "participants" in the solicitation of proxies from the unitholders of Oiltanking in connection with the proposed merger. Information about the directors and executive officers of the respective general partners of Enterprise and Oiltanking is set forth in each company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the SEC on March 3, 2014 and February 25, 2014, respectively, and in subsequent statements of changes in beneficial ownership on file with the SEC. These documents can be obtained free of charge from the sources listed above. Other information regarding the persons who may be participants in the proxy solicitation and a description of their direct and indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, is contained in the registration statement, proxy statement/prospectus and other relevant materials that have been filed with the SEC.



ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L.P.



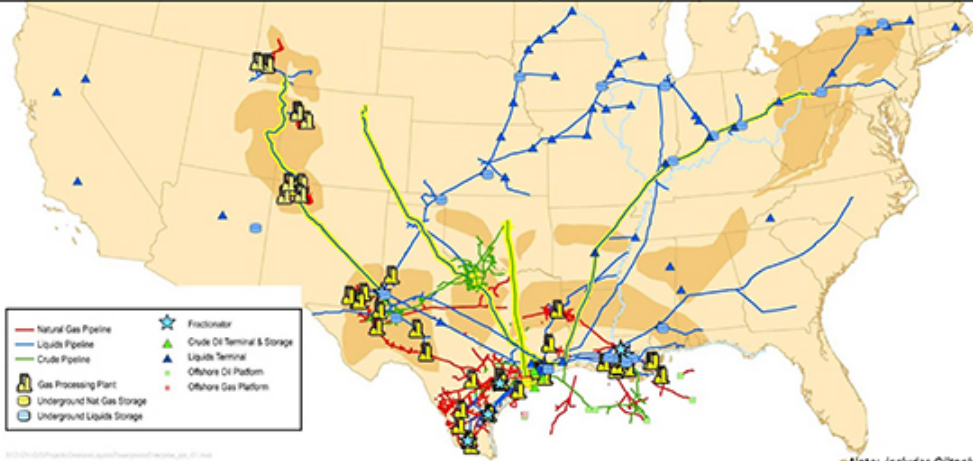
- EPD is one of the largest publicly traded midstream energy partnerships with a firm value of ≈\$90 billion*
- One of the largest integrated midstream energy systems
- Diversified sources of cash flow
- History of successful execution / clear visibility to growth
- Consistent distribution growth: 6.2% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) over 41 consecutive quarters
- Financial flexibility
 - Highest credit rating among MLPs: Baa1 / BBB+
 - Margin of safety with average distribution coverage of 1.4+x and \$6.4 billion of retained DCF since 2010
- Simple investor-friendly structure
 - No GP IDRs results in a lower cost of capital
 - Significant insider ownership: owns >35% of EPD units

* excludes Oiltanking Partners L.P. assets



EPD TODAY: NATURAL GAS, NGLs, CRUDE OIL, REFINED PRODUCTS AND PETROCHEMICALS

Asset Overview	Connectivity
<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Pipelines: 52,000 miles of natural gas, NGL, crude oil, refined products and petrochemical pipelines○ Storage: 220 MMBbls of NGL, refined products, petrochemical and crude oil, and 14 Bcf of natural gas storage capacity○ Processing: 24 natural gas processing plants; 22 fractionators○ Exports: refined products export terminal; expanding World Scale LPG export facilities, adding ethane exports 2016 and processed condensate	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Connected to U.S. major shale basins○ Connected to every U.S. ethylene cracker○ Connected to ≈90% of refineries East of Rockies○ Pipeline connected to 22 Gulf Coast PGP customers○ Connected to the "First and Last Mile" for supplies and markets through extensive marine and trucking fleets



© 2015 Enterprise Products Partners L.P. All rights reserved.

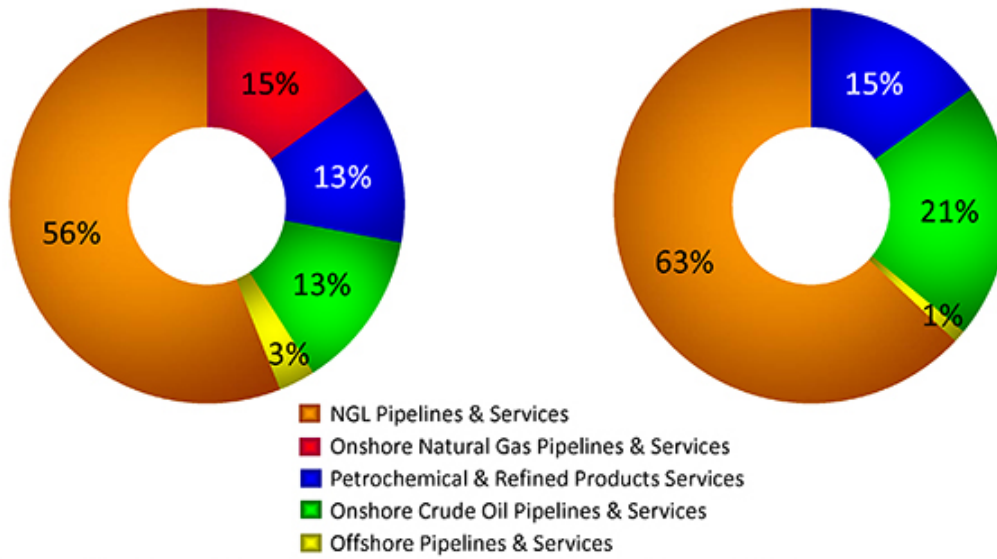
Note: Includes Oiltanking Partners L.P. assets



GEOGRAPHIC AND BUSINESS DIVERSIFICATION PROVIDE MULTIPLE EARNINGS STREAMS

\$5.2 Billion Gross Operating Margin
For 12 months ended September 30, 2014

4 Year Growth Capital Allocation 2013–2016E⁽¹⁾
≈\$12.5 Billion (predominantly fee-based)

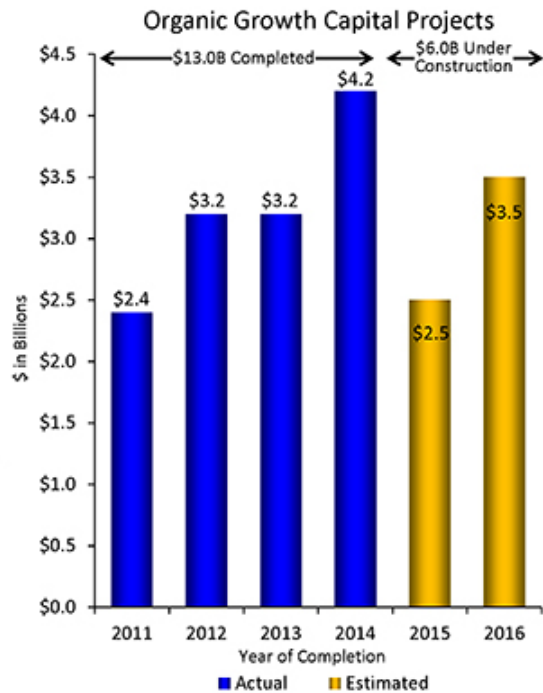


⁽¹⁾ Growth capital projects either result in additional revenue from existing assets or from expansion of our asset base through construction of new facilities.
Note: Excludes Oiltanking Partners L.P.



VISIBILITY TO GROWTH: ≈\$20B PROJECTS Recently Completed / Under Construction

- Projects completed since 2011: \$13.0 Billion
 - Pipelines: 4,200 miles of natural gas, NGL and crude oil pipelines
 - Gas Processing: Yoakum – 3 processing trains
 - NGL Fractionators: Mont Belvieu 5–8
 - LPG export expansions: 4 MMBbls/Mo
 - ECHO Crude Oil Storage
 - Gulf of Mexico crude oil pipeline
 - Seaway Looping / ECHO to Port Arthur pipeline
- Projects under construction: \$6.0 Billion
 - Export terminals: LPG / ethane / refined products
 - Aegis Ethane Header Pipeline
 - Propane dehydrogenation facility (PDH)
 - South Eddy (Permian) gas processing facility
 - 9th NGL fractionator at Mont Belvieu



Note: excludes Oiltanking Partners L.P. projects



FUNDAMENTALS

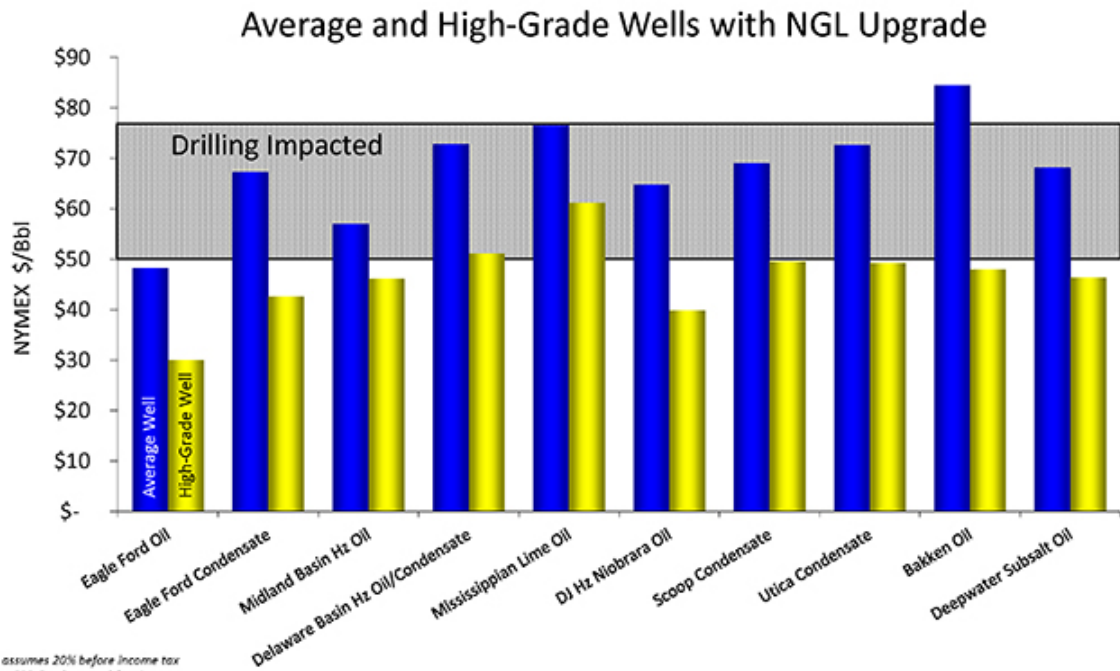


EPD OBSERVATIONS ON OIL PRICES

- **Cut Existing Production:** OPEC could not agree on production cuts at November 2014 meeting, with strongest members signaling no appetite to cut
- **Slow Supply Growth:** lower prices impact both OPEC, Russian and North American supply growth
 - Poorly capitalized OPEC nations and Russia rely on multinational oil company investments; lower prices and geopolitical instability in Middle East North Africa (“MENA”) will impact these investments
 - U.S. shale producers are cutting back on drilling; more expected in 2015; however, leasehold and drilling commitments will delay impact. Additionally, the severity of these cutbacks will be offset by continued technology enhancements and location high-grading.
 - U.S. crude and NGL production expected to grow in 2015 regardless of current oil prices
- **Incremental Demand:** low prices create incremental demand including Asian strategic petroleum reserve (“SPR”)
 - Economists estimate ≈300 MBPD global demand response for each 10% decline in oil price; however, it comes with a time lag that is impacted by many factors
 - China and India have increased SPR over last year at higher prices and have capacity to further increase stockpiling
 - Low prices likely to cause some demand destruction from renewable initiatives
- **Geopolitical Risks:** low prices will have far reaching consequences on poorly capitalized nations with economies dependent on much higher oil prices



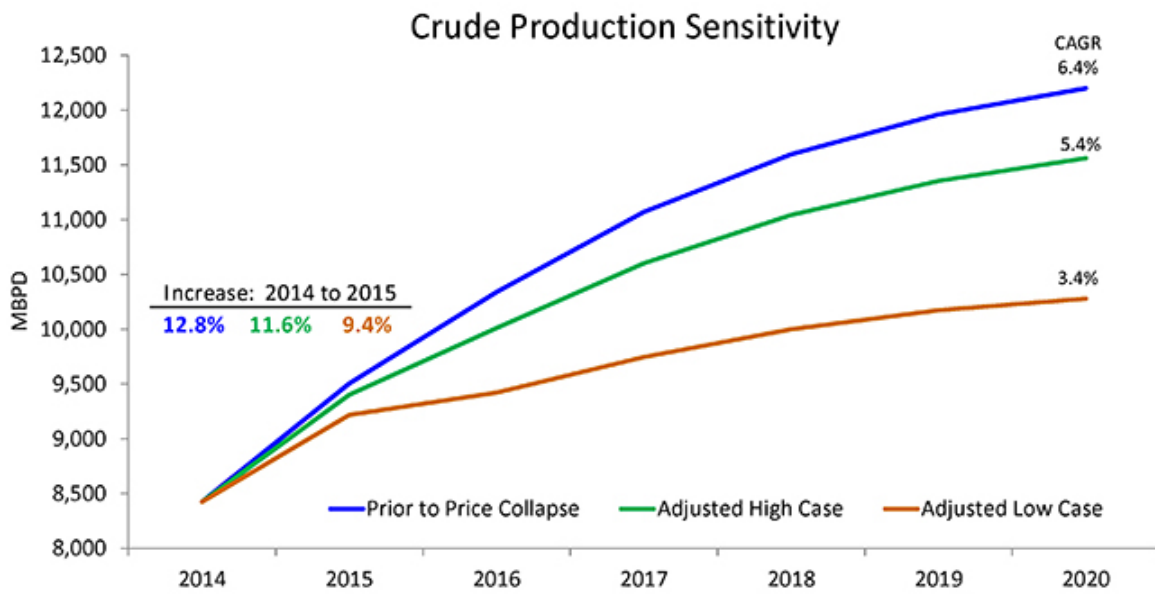
INDICATIVE BREAK-EVEN FOR KEY OIL AND CONDENSATE PLAYS





INDICATIVE CRUDE PRODUCTION FORECASTS

Assumes \$65 WTI



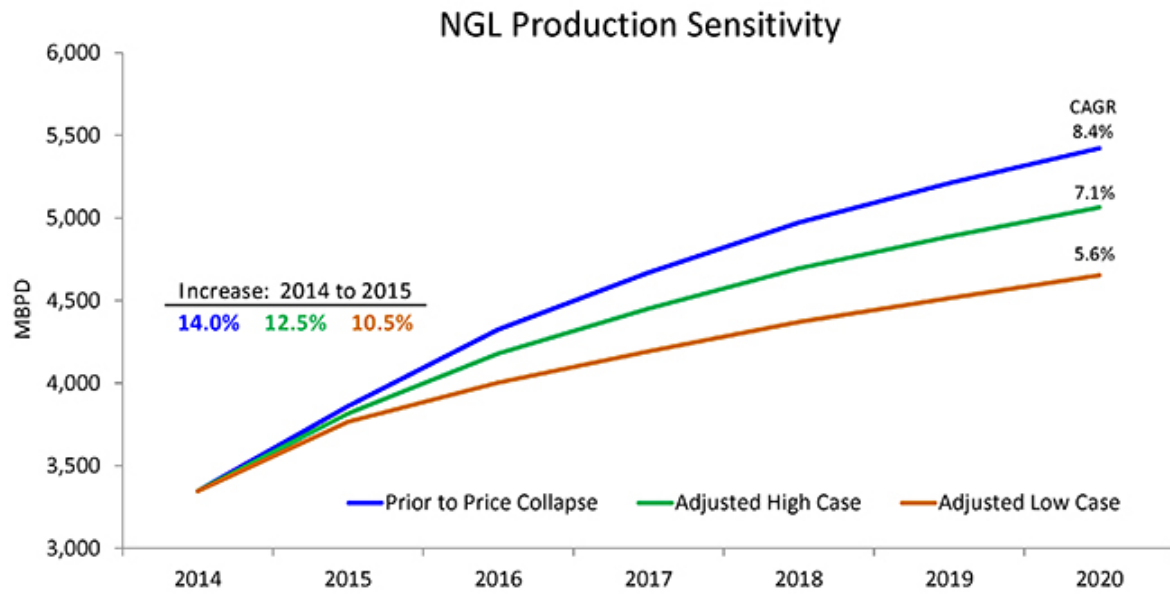
High Production Case: assumes 20%–25% reduction in Oil Completions, offset by high-grade benefits
Low Production Case: assumes a larger 25%–35% reduction in Oil Completions, offset by high-grade benefits

Source: EPD Fundamentals' estimates



INDICATIVE NGL PRODUCTION FORECASTS

Assumes \$65 WTI



High Production Case: assumes 20%–25% reduction in Oil Completions, offset by high-grade benefits
Low Production Case: assumes a larger 25%–35% reduction in Oil Completions, offset by high-grade benefits

Source: EPD Fundamentals' estimates



PROJECTS OVERVIEW



MAJOR NGL CAPITAL GROWTH PROJECTS

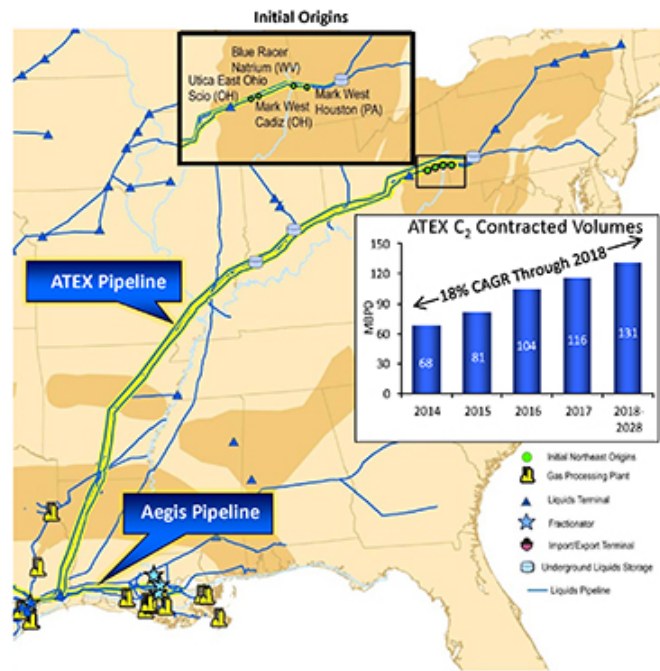
ATEX and Aegis Ethane Pipelines

ATEX Pipeline

- 1,265-mile, 16" and 20" pipeline
- Initial capacity 125 MBPD, expandable to 265 MBPD
- Connected to 4 NGL fractionators
- 15 year ship-or-pay commitments
- In-service January 2014

Aegis Ethane Pipeline

- 270-mile, 20" pipeline with capacity up to 425 MBPD
- Creates header pipeline from Corpus Christi to Louisiana, when combined with existing South Texas ethane pipeline
- Will deliver ethane to at least 6 petrochemical customers
- Received commitments in excess of 200 MBPD
- First segment to Beaumont completed September 2014; remaining 2 segments expected in-service in phases throughout 2015





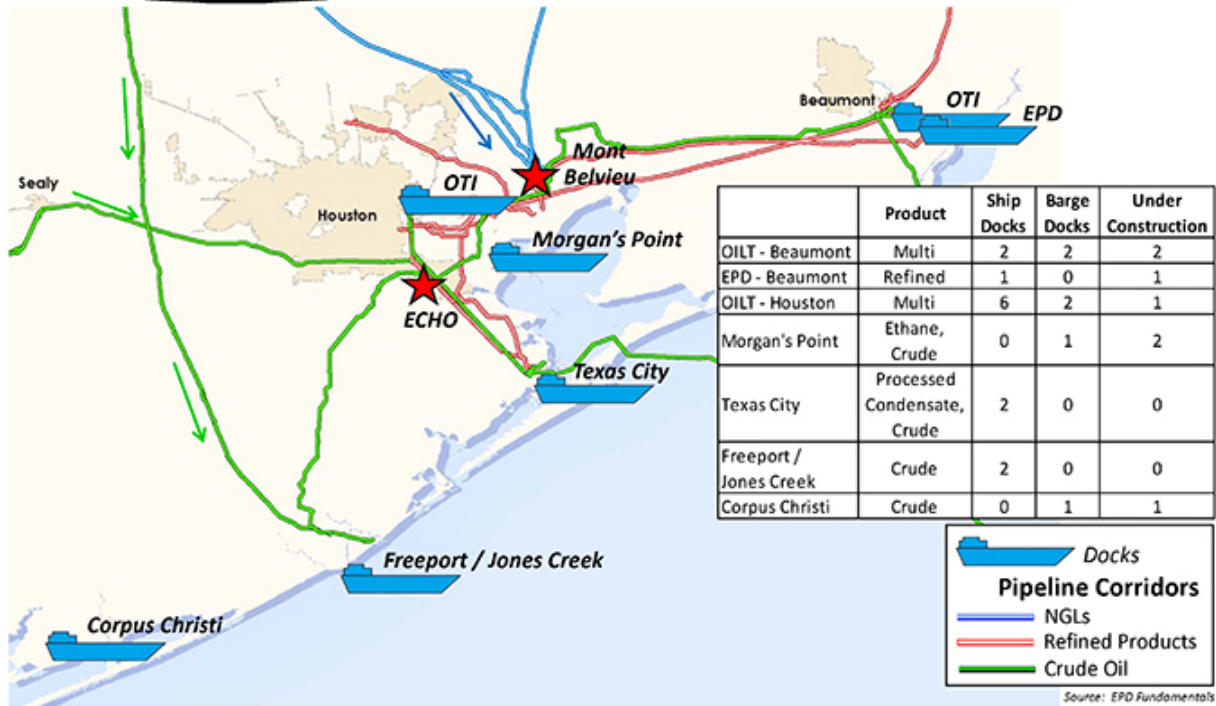
EPD PDH FACILITY UPDATE

- Propylene production from ethylene crackers decreased by 5.4 billion lbs. or 37% since 2010 due to the decline in cracking naphtha
- Capacity to produce up to 1.65 billion pounds per year of polymer grade propylene (25 MBPD)
 - Will consume 35 MBPD of propane
- 100% of capacity is contracted under fee-based contracts that average 15 years with investment grade companies
- Integrated with EPD's existing facilities to provide reliability and flexibility
- Completion expected in mid-2016





EXPORT CAPACITY: LINKING U.S. SUPPLIES TO GLOBAL DEMAND





U.S. BECOMES LARGEST EXPORTER OF PROPANE

Propane Exports by Destination as of November 2014

2014 YTD Propane Exports (from EPD Facility) by Destination Region: 75 MMBbls		
	% of Cargoes Loaded	% of Destination Market
North America	24%	45%
South America	35%	39%
Europe / North Africa	13%	8%
Far East	27%	9%
Other	1%	6%

North America & Caribbean
Total Waterborne Imports:
40 MMBbls
45% EPD



South America & Central America
66 MMBbls
39% EPD



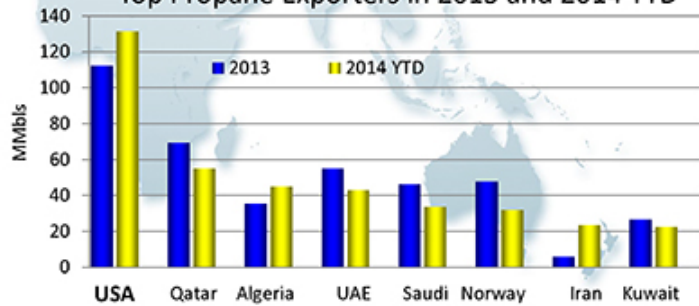
Europe / North Africa
124 MMBbls
8% EPD



Far East
229 MMBbls
9% EPD



Top Propane Exporters in 2013 and 2014 YTD



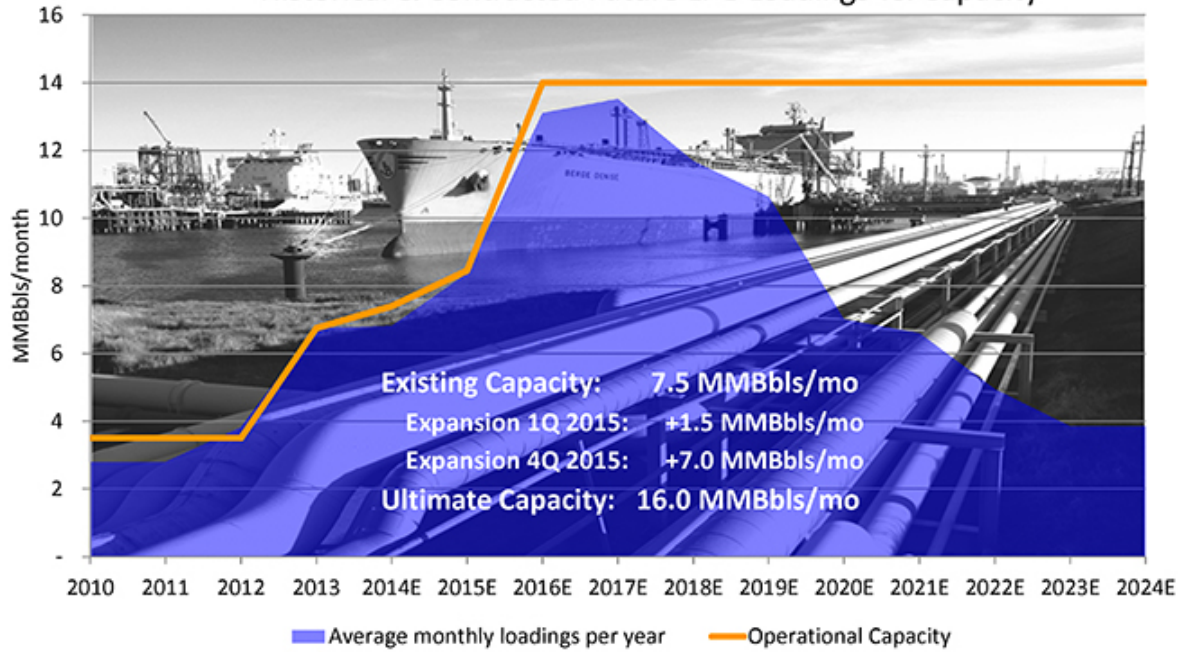
Source: Waterborne



EPD BOOKING CARGOES / BUILDING CAPACITY

2,000 LPG Cargoes Scheduled Through 2024

Historical & Contracted Future LPG Loadings vs. Capacity





NEW MARKETS DEVELOP FOR U.S. ETHANE

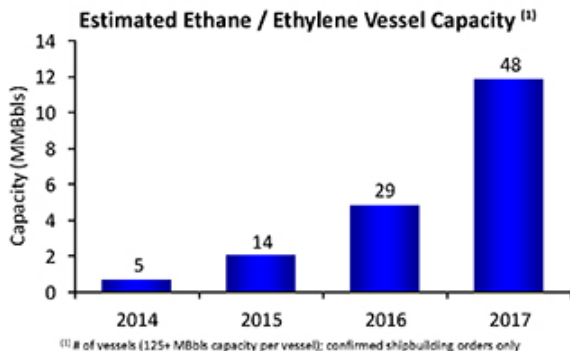
Market Potential

- Ethylene cracker feedstock – displacing current crude oil derivative feedstocks or new demand
- Portfolio approach
 - Consuming nations retain a strong desire to diversify portfolios from a feedstock and regional perspective
 - ≈300 MBPD ethane demand generated by converting 25% of NW Europe operating capacity to ethane feedstock
- Fuel Market
 - Power generation
- Ultimate waterborne capacity needed will be dependent on roundtrip transit times to end-use market
 - Europe vs. Caribbean / South America vs. Asia

EPD Ethane Export Facility at Morgan's Point, TX

- Supported by long-term contracts
- Combined operating rate ≈200 MBPD across two docks
- Expected to begin operations 3Q 2016
- Evaluating possible expansion

Shipbuilders Response to Increased Ethane Demand



Source: EPD Fundamentals



SEAWAY CRUDE OIL PIPELINE EXPANSION PROJECTS COMPLETED

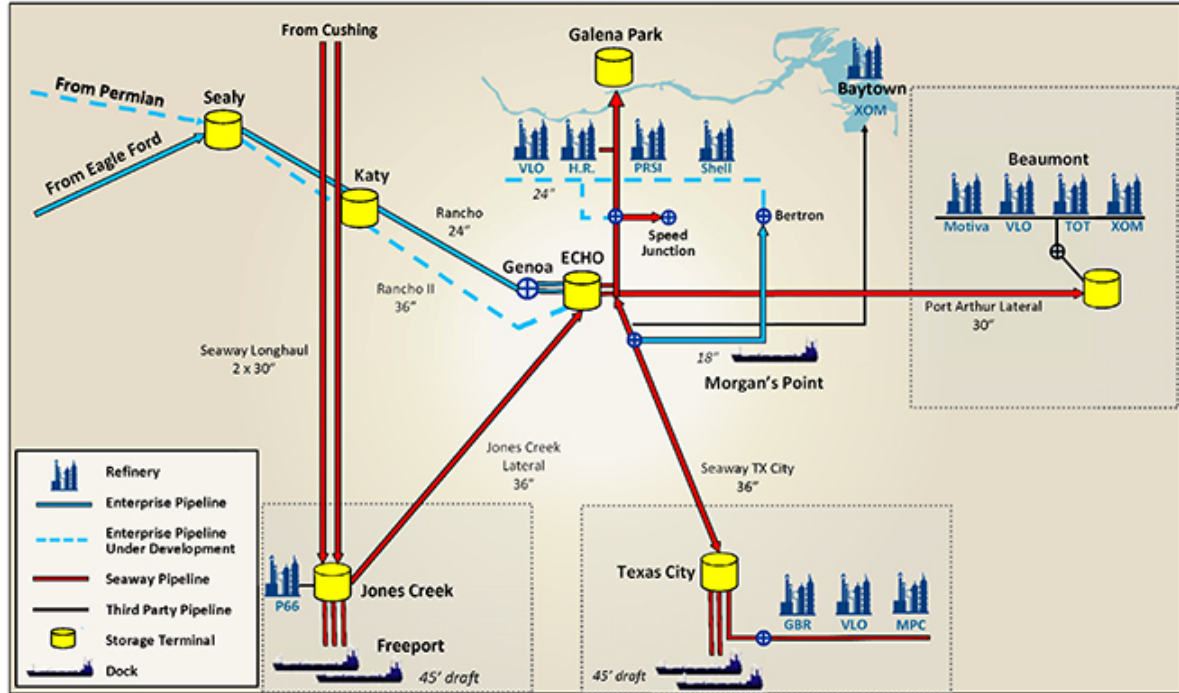


- Seaway Loop: 512 mile, 30" parallel pipeline along existing legacy pipeline
 - Initial volumes delivered to Jones Creek December 2014
 - Loop more than doubles capacity up to 850 MBPD from Cushing to Gulf Coast
 - Currently moving 100% heavy; legacy line flowing combination light / heavy
- Began collecting demand fees on December 1, 2014 for Loop Pipeline
- ECHO to Beaumont Lateral: 100 mile, 30" pipeline; line fill currently underway
- Seaway system provides producers enhanced access to additional markets for various grades of crude



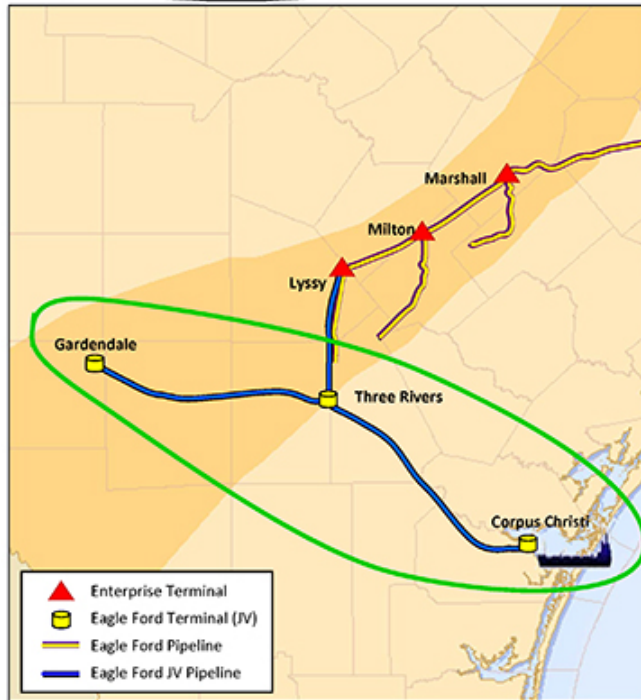
EPD & SEAWAY'S GULF COAST CRUDE SYSTEM

Access to ≈ 8 MMBPD Refining and Water





EAGLE FORD JV PROJECT EXPANSION TO HANDLE PROCESSED CONDENSATE



- EPD and Plains JV will construct a new condensate gathering system
 - ≈55 miles connecting surrounding counties to Three Rivers Terminal
- Expand mainline between Three Rivers and Corpus Christi
 - 70-mile 20" pipeline and expand storage capacity
 - Increasing the ultimate mainline system capacity >600 MPBD
- Supported by long-term production commitment
 - Expected in-service: 3Q 2015
- Also constructing a new deep water terminal at Corpus Christi
 - Dock capacity will handle variety of ocean-going vessels
 - Expected in-service by 2017



OILTANKING PARTNERS L.P.



ACQUISITION OF OILTANKING (OILT) OVERVIEW AND RATIONALE

- On October 1, 2014, EPD acquired OILT's GP and related IDRs, 15.9 million OILT common units and 38.9 million OILT subordinated units (which converted one-to-one to common units on November 17, 2014) for \$4.41 billion of consideration consisting of \$2.21 billion of cash and 54.8 million newly issued EPD common units
- On November 11, 2014, EPD and OILT executed merger agreement in which EPD would issue 1.3 EPD common units for each OILT common unit (≈\$1.4 billion)
- On November 26, 2014, filed preliminary Form S-4 Registration Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission
- Merger requires approval of holders of simple majority of OILT common units; EPD has agreed to vote its then 54.8 million common units (66% of total OILT common units) in favor of the merger
- Total consideration of ≈\$6.0 billion
- Merger expected to be completed in first quarter of 2015
- Combines EPD's integrated system of midstream energy infrastructure and access to supplies of NGL, crude oil and refined products with OILT's access to waterborne markets and storage
- Expected to be accretive to EPD's distributable cash flow per unit in 2016



ACQUISITION OF OILTANKING (OILT) PRINCIPAL DRIVERS OF VALUE CREATION

- At least \$30 million of synergies and cost savings from the complete integration of OILT's business into Enterprise's system as well as public company cost savings
- Opportunities for new business and repurposing existing assets for "best use" to meet the growing demand for export and logistical services for petroleum products related to increase in North American crude oil and NGL production from the shale and non-conventional plays
- Secures ownership and control of OILT's assets that are essential to EPD's midstream
 - EPD is OILT's largest customer, representing ≈30% of revenues
 - OILT provides essential dock and storage services to EPD LPG export and octane enhancement businesses, which accounted for ≈10% of EPD's 2013 gross operating margin
 - Upon completion of EPD's LPG export facility in 2016, EPD assets with a value of ≈\$1.5 billion would be located on land owned by OILT



OILT HOUSTON ASSET OVERVIEW

- Two sites with 19.8 MMBbbls of storage capacity
 - Predominantly crude oil storage
 - Additional 3.5 MMBbbls under construction
- ≈100 miles of pipeline in Houston area
- 7 ship docks (post expansion) and 2 barge docks
- Hosts EPD's expanding LPG refrigeration facility
- Provides critical services for EPD's LPG, methanol and octane enhancement business





OILT BEAUMONT ASSET OVERVIEW

- Two sites with 5.5 MMBbls of storage capacity
 - Predominantly refined products storage
 - Additional 4.1 MMBbls of storage capacity under construction
- 4 ship docks (post expansion), 2 barge docks
- Significant land for expansion
- Near EPD's refined products marine terminal at Port of Beaumont

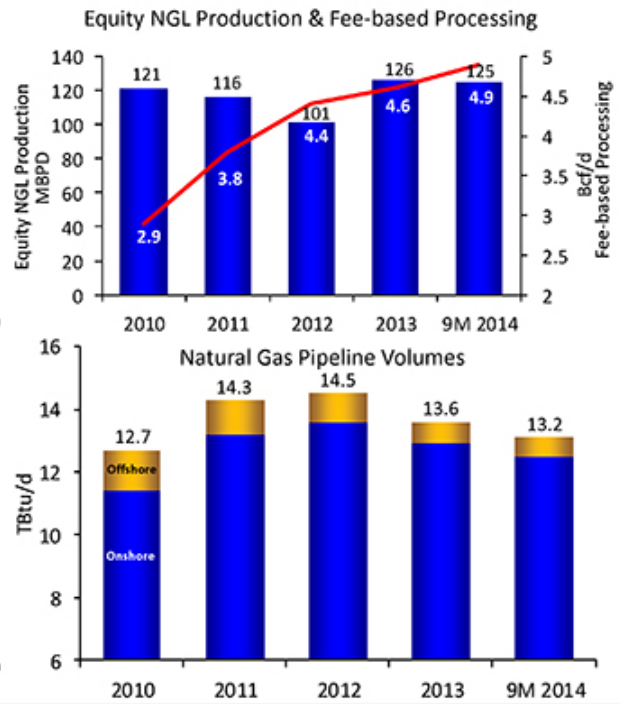
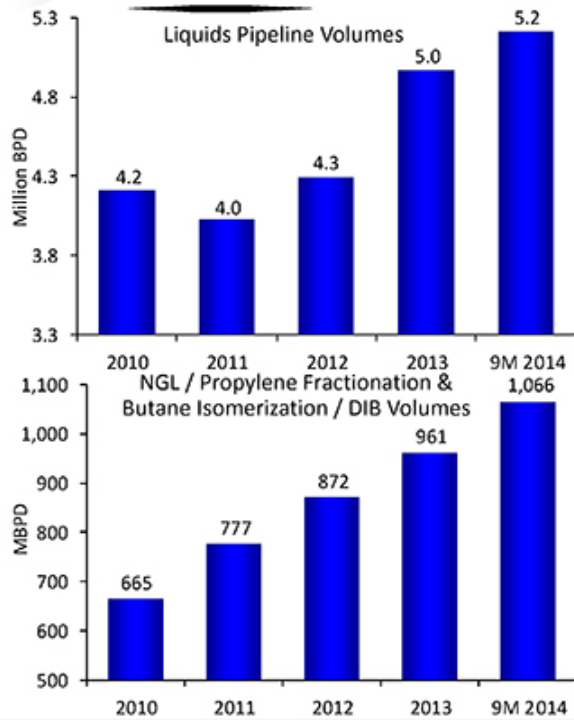




FINANCIAL

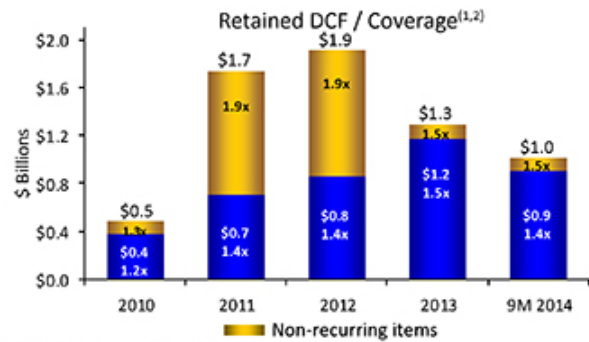
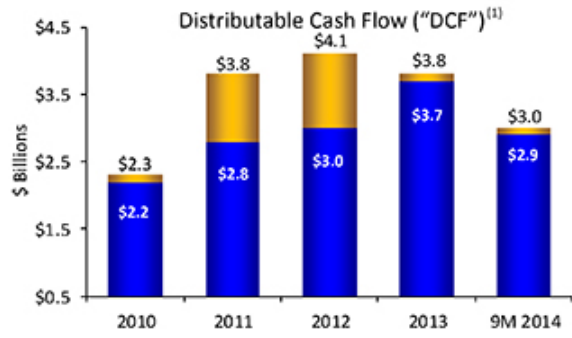


SOLID OPERATING PERFORMANCE...





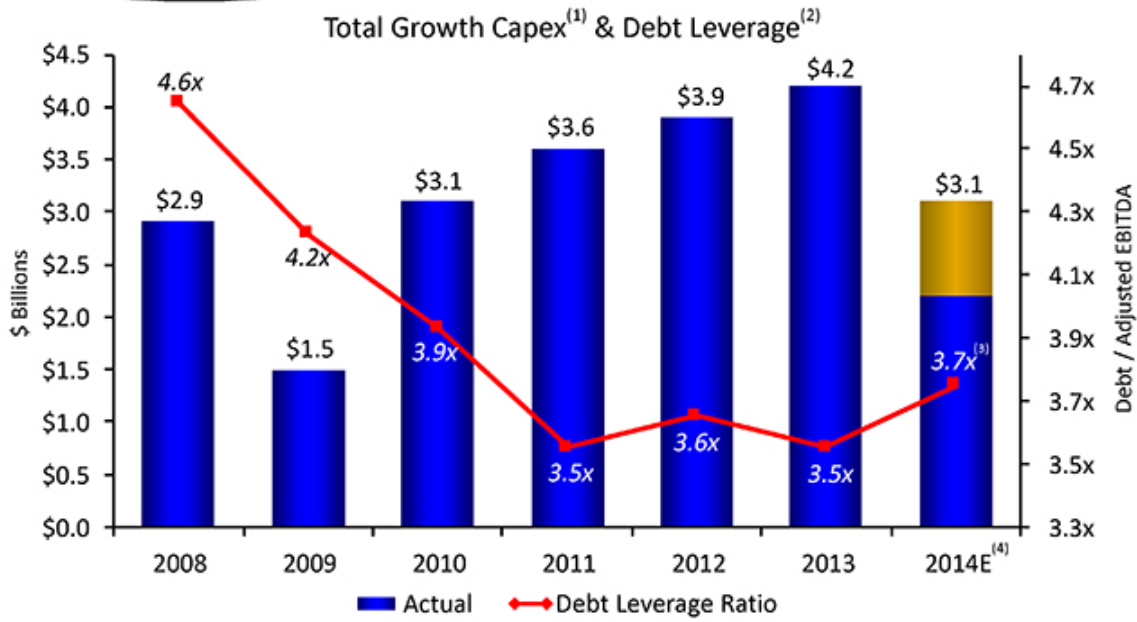
...DRIVES STRONG FINANCIAL RESULTS



⁽¹⁾ Each period noted includes non-recurring transactions (e.g., proceeds from asset sales and property damage insurance claims and payments to settle interest rate hedges).
⁽²⁾ Retained DCF represents the amount of distributable cash flow for each period that was retained by the general partner for reinvestment in capital projects and other reasons.



HISTORY OF FINANCIAL DISCIPLINE WHILE EXECUTING GROWTH STRATEGY



⁽¹⁾ Represents cash used in investing activities as presented on our Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows before changes in restricted cash, proceeds from asset sales and related transactions, and sustaining capital expenditures.

⁽²⁾ Coverage ratio reflects total debt adjusted for the average 50% equity credit that the rating agencies ascribe to the Junior Subordinated Notes

⁽³⁾ Debt leverage ratio presented reflects historical data for the 12 months ended September 30, 2014 and should not be inferred as a projection of such ratio for the 12 months ended December 31, 2014.

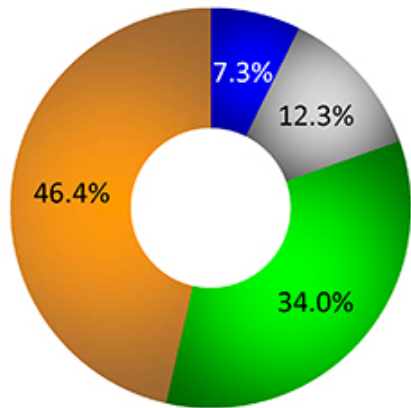
⁽⁴⁾ Growth capital spending estimate for the 12 months ended December 31, 2014, includes actuals for the 9 months ended September 30, 2014.



STRENGTHENING DEBT PORTFOLIO

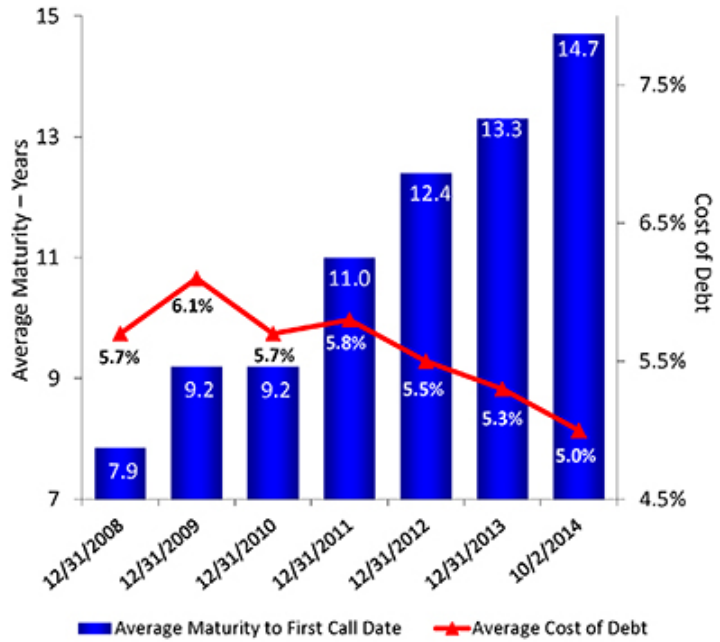
Extending Maturities Without Increasing Costs

≈\$15.9 Billion Notes Issued
2009 – 10/2/2014



■ 3 Year ■ 5 Year ■ 10 Year ■ 30+ Year

98.9% Fixed Rate Debt





EPD TOTAL RETURN

Compared to 9 Other Asset Classes

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	9M 2014	15-Year CAGR ¹	10-Year CAGR ¹	5-Year CAGR ¹	3-Year CAGR ¹
REIT 30.4%	Commodities 40.7%	IG Bonds 6.1%	MLP Index 26.4%	EPD 41.0%	EPD 17.8%	REIT 14.6%	Small Cap Equity 38.8%	EPD 25.3%	EPD 22.7%	EPD 20.3%	EPD 29.8%	EPD 32.0%
EPD 29.3%	EPD 16.9%	Hedge Funds 19.1%	EPD 64.7%	MLP Index 35.9%	MLP Index 13.9%	Non-US Equity 17.6%	EPD 38.4%	MLP Index 15.5%	MLP Index 16.3%	MLP Index 16.2%	MLP Index 23.0%	MLP Index 29.9%
Non-US Equity 20.9%	MLP Index 12.7%	High Yield -21.3%	Commodities 50.3%	REIT 27.7%	IG Bonds 7.4%	Small Cap Equity 15.3%	S&P 500 32.4%	REIT 12.4%	REIT 11.6%	REIT 8.5%	REIT 15.9%	MLP Index 22.9%
MLP Index 26.1%	Hedge Funds 13.0%	EPD -30.1%	High Yield 39.2%	Small Cap Equity 20.9%	REIT 7.5%	S&P 500 15.0%	MLP Index 27.0%	S&P 500 6.3%	Small Cap Equity 7.9%	Small Cap Equity 8.2%	S&P 500 15.2%	Small Cap Equity 21.3%
Small Cap Equity 18.4%	Non-US Equity 11.6%	Small Cap Equity -33.8%	Non-US Equity 32.5%	Commodities 20.4%	High Yield 7.3%	High Yield 14.3%	Non-US Equity 23.3%	IG Bonds 4.4%	Commodities 7.0%	S&P 500 6.1%	Small Cap Equity 14.3%	REIT 17.0%
S&P 500 15.6%	IG Bonds 6.2%	MLP Index -30.9%	REIT 28.5%	S&P 500 15.1%	Commodities 2.1%	EPD 13.4%	Hedge Funds 9.7%	High Yield 3.5%	Hedge Funds 7.4%	Non-US Equity 6.6%	High Yield 9.4%	Non-US Equity 14.2%
Hedge Funds 13.6%	S&P 500 5.5%	S&P 500 -37.0%	Small Cap Equity 27.2%	High Yield 12.5%	S&P 500 2.1%	IG Bonds 9.2%	High Yield 4.7%	Hedge Funds 3.6%	High Yield 6.4%	High Yield 6.7%	Non-US Equity 7.0%	High Yield 9.5%
High Yield 8.5%	High Yield 1.9%	Commodities -42.8%	S&P 500 28.5%	Hedge Funds 10.9%	Hedge Funds -2.5%	Hedge Funds 7.7%	REIT 2.7%	Non-US Equity -1.0%	IG Bonds 6.3%	Hedge Funds 6.3%	Hedge Funds 6.4%	Hedge Funds 7.2%
IG Bonds 4.3%	Small Cap Equity -1.6%	REIT -37.6%	Hedge Funds 15.6%	IG Bonds 10.6%	Small Cap Equity -4.2%	MLP Index 4.6%	IG Bonds -1.4%	Small Cap Equity -4.4%	S&P 500 4.9%	Commodities 5.5%	IG Bonds 6.5%	IG Bonds 4.6%
Commodities 0.4%	REIT -15.6%	Non-US Equity -43.1%	IG Bonds 17.8%	Non-US Equity 8.2%	Non-US Equity -11.7%	Commodities 0.3%	Commodities -2.2%	Commodities -9.2%	Non-US Equity 4.3%	IG Bonds 5.4%	Commodities 4.4%	Commodities -1.0%

¹ CAGR calculations based upon closing prices ending the last trading day of the third quarter for each period.

Commodities: S&P World Commodity Index; EPD: Enterprise Products Partners L.P.; Hedge Funds: CS Tremont Hedge Fund; High Yield: Vanguard High Yield US Corporate Fund; IG Bonds: Vanguard Intermediate Term US Investment Grade Fund; MLP Index: Alerian Index; Non-US Equity: MSCI Daily Total Return EAFE Index; REIT: DJ Equity REIT Index; S&P 500: S&P 500 Index; Small Cap Equity: Russell 2000 Index

Source: Bloomberg L.P.

Past results may not be indicative of future performance.



APPENDIX



VISIBILITY TO GROWTH: MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS

≈\$6.6B In-Service 2013–2014; ≈\$6.0B Under Construction

In-Service Date	2013	1Q 2014	2Q 2014	3Q 2014	4Q 2014	2015	2016	
NGL Pipeline & Services								
Eagle Ford Youkum gas processing facility (Phase II – additional 300 MMbbl/d)	Done							
NGL export facility expansion at Houston Ship Channel	Done							
Mont Belvieu DD expansion	Done							
Eagle Ford 20" P/L from Youkum to Needville and 24" P/L from Needville to Akins	Done							
Eagle Ford Phase II mixed NGL pipeline and lateral	Done							
Mont Belvieu (JV) NGL fractionators 7 & 8	Done							
Texas Express (JV) NGL pipeline and gathering system – Skellytown to Mont Belvieu	Done							
Mont Belvieu Mixed NGL pipeline expansions & pump upgrades	Done							
Mid-America NGL pipeline expansion – Rocky Mountain segment	Done							
AT&T Express ethane pipeline – Marcellus / Utica (2016)	Done						√	
Front Range (JV) NGL pipeline	Done							
South California expansion – 60 mile pipeline (1Q 2014)	Done							
Mont Belvieu natural gasoline system (4Q 2014)	Done				Done			
Agri ethane pipeline – 270 miles (1Q-4Q 2015)							√	
NGL export facility on Gulf Coast (6.0-6.5 MMbbl/d) (4Q 2015)							√	
Ethane export facility on Gulf Coast (2016)							√	
Mont Belvieu Frac 9 – 65MBPD (1Q 2016)							√	
Permian South Eddy gas plant – 200MMbbl/d (1Q 2016)							√	
Onshore Crude Oil Pipelines & Services								
North Loop extension of West Texas Crude system (21 miles of 10" P/L)	Done							
Avalon-Bone Spring gathering pipeline (Permian Basin Phase 3)	Done							
Eagle Ford (JV) – crude oil pipeline (2Q 2013), expansion to 470 MBPD (2Q 2015)	Done						√	
Seaway (JV) crude oil lateral	Done	Done		Done				
Seaway (JV) crude oil looping (up to 850 MBPD)				Done				
ECHO storage expansion 900MMbbl (capacity increase to +1.6 MMbbl/d)				Done				
ECHO add'l 4 MMbbl total capacity +0.5 MMbbl/d and 55 miles of 30" pipelines (1Q-2Q 2015)							√	
Rancho II crude oil 30" pipeline (2Q 2015)							√	
Midland Tank Farm storage expansion – 400 MMbbl (2Q 2015)							√	
Petrochemical & Refined Products Services								
MTIV Propylene Splitter M expansion	Done							
Diluent service to Chicago area (Southern Lights & Cochise P/L connections)	Done			Done				
Refined products export dock				Done	Done			
Propane Dehydrogenation Unit ("PDH") (2016)							√	
Other							√	
Offshore Pipelines & Services								
Luxus (JV) crude oil pipeline SEKCO (2Q 2014)							Done	
Value of capital placed in service (\$ Billions)								
	\$ 2.3	\$ 2.5	\$ 0.9	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.3	\$ -	\$ -	
Value of remaining capital projects to be put in service								
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2.5	\$ 3.5	

Note: Excludes Oiltanking Partners L.P.

© ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L.P.



NON-GAAP RECONCILIATIONS



GROSS OPERATING MARGIN

We evaluate segment performance based on the non-GAAP financial measure of gross operating margin. Gross operating margin (either in total or by individual segment) is an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations. This measure forms the basis of our internal financial reporting and is used by our management in deciding how to allocate capital resources among business segments. The following table reconciles non-GAAP gross operating margin to operating income, which is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to gross operating margin (dollars in millions):

	For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Nine	For the Twelve
	2010	2011	2012	2013	Months Ended September 30, 2014	Months Ended September 30, 2014
Gross operating margin by segment:						
NGL Pipelines & Services	\$ 1,732.6	\$ 2,184.2	\$ 2,468.5	\$ 2,514.4	\$ 2,172.4	\$ 2,909.8
Onshore Natural Gas Pipelines & Services	527.2	675.3	775.5	789.0	618.8	805.9
Onshore Crude Oil Pipelines & Services	113.7	234.0	387.7	742.7	534.5	697.6
Offshore Pipelines & Services	297.8	228.2	173.0	146.1	120.0	148.0
Petrochemical & Refined Products Services	584.5	535.2	579.9	625.9	482.4	657.6
Other Investments	(2.8)	14.8	2.4	-	-	-
Total gross operating margin (non-GAAP)	3,253.0	3,871.7	4,387.0	4,818.1	3,928.1	5,218.9
Adjustments to reconcile non-GAAP gross operating margin to GAAP operating income:						
Subtract depreciation, amortization and accretion expense amounts not reflected in gross operating margin	(936.3)	(958.7)	(1,061.7)	(1,148.9)	(936.5)	(1,233.7)
Subtract impairment charges not reflected in gross operating margin	(8.4)	(27.8)	(63.4)	(92.6)	(18.2)	(57.5)
Subtract operating lease expenses paid by EPD not reflected in gross operating margin	(0.7)	(0.3)	-	-	-	-
Add net gains attributable to asset sales and insurance recoveries not reflected in gross operating margin	44.4	156.0	17.6	83.4	99.0	114.0
Subtract non-refundable deferred revenues attributable to shipper make-up rights on new pipeline projects reflected in gross operating margin	-	-	-	(4.4)	(66.8)	(71.2)
Subtract general and administrative costs not reflected in gross operating margin	(204.8)	(181.8)	(170.3)	(188.3)	(150.9)	(200.3)
Operating income (GAAP)	\$ 2,147.2	\$ 2,859.1	\$ 3,109.2	\$ 3,467.3	\$ 2,854.7	\$ 3,770.2

Note: Gross Operating Margin has been presented as if EPD were Enterprise GP Holdings for all periods prior to the Holdings Merger, which was completed in November 2010.



ADJUSTED EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is commonly used as a supplemental financial measure by our management and external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks, research analysts and ratings agencies to assess: (1) the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structures or historical cost basis; (2) the ability of our assets to generate cash sufficient to pay interest and support our indebtedness; and (3) the viability of projects and the overall rates of return on alternative investment opportunities. Since adjusted EBITDA excludes some, but not all, items that affect net income or loss and because these measures may vary among other companies, the adjusted EBITDA data included in this presentation may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. The following table reconciles non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA to net cash flows provided by operating activities, which is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to adjusted EBITDA (dollars in millions):

	For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Nine	For the Twelve
	2010	2011	2012	2013	Months Ended September 30, 2014	Months Ended September 30, 2014
Net Income (GAAP)	\$ 1,383.7	\$ 2,088.3	\$ 2,428.0	\$ 2,607.1	\$ 2,152.4	\$ 2,858.1
Adjustments to GAAP net income to derive non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA:						
Subtract equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	(62.0)	(46.4)	(64.3)	(167.3)	(179.1)	(220.3)
Add distributions received from unconsolidated affiliates	191.9	156.4	116.7	251.6	260.7	324.7
Add interest expense, including related amortization	741.9	744.1	771.8	802.5	679.6	877.7
Add provision for or subtract benefit from income taxes, as applicable	26.1	27.2	(17.2)	57.5	22.5	33.8
Add depreciation, amortization and accretion in costs and expenses	924.5	990.5	1,094.9	1,185.4	956.2	1,272.5
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	3,256.1	3,960.1	4,329.9	4,736.8	3,902.3	5,146.5
Adjustments to non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA to derive GAAP net cash flows provided by operating activities:						
Subtract interest expense, including related amortization, reflected in Adjusted EBITDA	(741.9)	(744.1)	(771.8)	(802.5)	(679.6)	(877.7)
Add benefit from or subtract provision for income taxes reflected in Adjusted EBITDA	(26.1)	(27.2)	17.2	(57.5)	(22.5)	(33.8)
Subtract net gains attributable to asset sales and insurance recoveries	(46.7)	(155.7)	(86.4)	(83.3)	(99.0)	(113.9)
Add deferred income tax expense or subtract benefit, as applicable	7.9	12.1	(66.2)	37.9	2.6	8.4
Add impairment charges	8.4	27.8	63.4	92.6	18.2	57.5
Add or subtract the net effect of changes in operating accounts, as applicable	(190.4)	265.9	(582.5)	(97.6)	(435.8)	(19.5)
Add or subtract miscellaneous non-cash and other amounts to reconcile non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA with GAAP net cash flows provided by operating activities	32.7	(9.4)	(12.7)	39.1	18.2	36.2
Net cash flows provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$ 2,300.0	\$ 3,330.5	\$ 2,850.9	\$ 3,865.5	\$ 2,704.4	\$ 4,203.7

Note: Adjusted EBITDA has been presented as if EPD were Enterprise GP Holdings for all periods prior to the Holdings Merger, which was completed in November 2010.



DISTRIBUTABLE CASH FLOW

Distributable cash flow is an important non-GAAP financial measure for our limited partners since it serves as an indicator of our success in providing a cash return on investment. Specifically, this financial measure indicates to investors whether or not we are generating cash flows at a level that can sustain or support an increase in our quarterly cash distributions. Distributable cash flow is also a quantitative standard used by the investment community with respect to publicly traded partnerships because the value of a partnership unit is, in part, measured by its yield, which is based on the amount of cash distributions a partnership can pay to a unitholder. The following table reconciles non-GAAP Distributable Cash Flow to net cash flows provided by operating activities, which is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to distributable cash flow (dollars in millions):

	For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Nine
	2010	2011	2012	2013	Months Ended September 30, 2014
Net income attributable to limited partners (GAAP)	\$ 1,266.7	\$ 2,046.9	\$ 2,419.9	\$ 2,596.9	\$ 2,127.6
<i>Adjustments to GAAP net income attributable to limited partners to derive non-GAAP distributable cash flow:</i>					
Add depreciation, amortization and accretion expenses	980.2	1,007.0	1,104.9	1,217.6	992.4
Add distributions received from unconsolidated affiliates	128.2	156.4	116.7	251.6	260.7
Subtract equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	(69.0)	(46.4)	(64.3)	(167.3)	(179.1)
Subtract sustaining capital expenditures	(240.3)	(296.4)	(366.2)	(291.7)	(262.0)
Subtract net gains from asset sales and insurance recoveries	(46.7)	(155.7)	(86.4)	(83.3)	(93.0)
Add cash proceeds from asset sales and insurance recoveries	105.9	1,053.8	1,198.8	280.6	121.5
Add gains or subtract losses from the monetization of interest rate derivative instruments	1.3	(23.2)	(147.8)	(168.8)	-
Add deferred income tax expenses or subtract benefit, as applicable	7.9	12.1	(66.2)	37.9	2.6
Add impairment charges	8.4	27.8	63.4	92.6	18.2
Add or subtract other miscellaneous adjustments to derive non-GAAP distributable cash flow, as applicable	113.8	(25.8)	(39.5)	(15.7)	32.7
Distributable cash flow (non-GAAP)	<u>2,256.4</u>	<u>3,756.5</u>	<u>4,133.3</u>	<u>3,750.4</u>	<u>3,015.6</u>
<i>Adjustments to non-GAAP distributable cash flow to derive GAAP net cash flows provided by operating activities:</i>					
Add sustaining capital expenditures reflected in distributable cash flow	240.3	296.4	366.2	291.7	262.0
Subtract cash proceeds from asset sales and insurance recoveries reflected in distributable cash flow	(105.9)	(1,053.8)	(1,198.8)	(280.6)	(121.5)
Add losses or subtract gains from the monetization of interest rate derivative instruments	(1.3)	23.2	147.8	168.8	-
Add or subtract the net effect of changes in operating accounts, as applicable	(202.1)	266.9	(582.5)	(97.6)	(435.8)
Add miscellaneous non-cash and other amounts to reconcile non-GAAP distributable cash flow with GAAP net cash flows provided by operating activities	112.6	41.3	24.9	32.8	(15.9)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities (GAAP)	<u>\$ 2,300.0</u>	<u>\$ 3,330.5</u>	<u>\$ 2,850.9</u>	<u>\$ 3,865.5</u>	<u>\$ 2,704.4</u>

Note: Distributable Cash Flow for the period prior to the fourth quarter of 2010 is presented based on the historical results of EPD prior to the Holdings merger.



CONTACT INFORMATION

- Randy Burkhalter – Vice President, Investor Relations
 - (713) 381-6812
 - rburkhalter@eprod.com
- Jackie Richert – Manager, Investor Relations
 - (713) 381-3920
 - jmrichert@eprod.com