UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): July 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L.P.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 1-14323 (Commission File Number) 76-0568219 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor, Houston, Texas (Address of Principal Executive Offices) 77002 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (713) 381-6500

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered
Common Units	EPD	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \Box

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On July 30, 2024, Enterprise Products Partners L.P. ("Enterprise" or the "Partnership") (NYSE:EPD) issued a press release announcing its financial and operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2024, and will hold a webcast conference call discussing those results. A copy of the earnings press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this Item 2.02.

Item 8.01. Other Events.

The information presented in this Item 8.01 has not been reviewed by our independent auditors and is subject to revision as we prepare our consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. This information is not a comprehensive statement of our financial results for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2024, and our actual results may differ materially from these estimates as a result of the completion of our financial closing process, final adjustments (if any) and other developments arising between now and the time that our financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 are finalized.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references to "we," "us" or "our" within this Item 8.01 are intended to mean the business and operations of the Partnership and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain matters discussed in this Current Report are forward-looking statements that involve certain risks and uncertainties, such as Enterprise's expectations regarding future results, capital expenditures, project completions, liquidity and financial market conditions. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things, insufficient cash from operations, adverse market conditions, governmental regulations and other factors discussed in Enterprise's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. If any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results or outcomes may vary materially from those expected. Enterprise disclaims any intention or obligation to update publicly or reverse such statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Highlights — Second Quarter 2024 Results (Unaudited)

On July 30, 2024, the Partnership announced its consolidated financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. The following table presents condensed consolidated financial highlights for the periods and at the dates indicated (dollars in millions, except per unit amounts):

		For the Th Ended a		For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2024		2023		2024		2023
		(Unau		(Unaudited)				
Selected Income Statement Data:								
Revenues	\$	13,483	\$	10,651	\$	28,243	\$	23,095
Costs and expenses		(11,819)		(9,193)		(24,859)		(20,007)
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		101		121		203		225
Operating income		1,765		1,579		3,587		3,313
Interest expense		(332)		(302)		(663)		(616)
Other, net		4		19		17		31
Income before income taxes		1,437		1,296		2,941		2,728
Provision for income taxes		(15)		(13)		(36)		(23)
Net income		1,422		1,283		2,905		2,705
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(16)		(29)		(42)		(60)
Net income attributable to preferred units		(1)		(1)		(2)		(2)
Net income attributable to common unitholders	\$	1,405	\$	1,253	\$	2,861	\$	2,643
Earnings per unit, fully diluted	<u>\$</u>	0.64	\$	0.57	\$	1.30	\$	1.20
Gross Operating Margin by Segment:								
NGL Pipelines & Services	\$	1,325	\$	1,110	\$	2,665	\$	2,322
Crude Oil Pipelines & Services		417		422		828		819
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services		293		238		605		552
Petrochemical & Refined Products Services		392		383		836		802
Total segment gross operating margin (1)		2,427		2,153		4,934		4,495
Net adjustment for shipper make-up rights (2)		(15)		28		(32)		21
Non-GAAP total gross operating margin	<u>\$</u>	2,412	\$	2,181	\$	4,902	\$	4,516
		June 30.	Dec	ember 31.				

	 June 30, 2024		er 31, 3	
Selended Delever Sheed Dedee	(Unaudited)			
Selected Balance Sheet Data:				
Cash and cash equivalents (unrestricted)	\$ 138	\$	180	
Total assets	73,561		70,982	
Total debt principal outstanding, including				
current maturities	30,621		29,021	
Partners' equity	27,989		27,673	
Noncontrolling interests	808		1,086	
-				

 Within the context of this table, total segment gross operating margin represents a subtotal and corresponds to measures similarly titled within the financial statement footnotes provided in the Partnership's quarterly and annual filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").
 Gross operating margin by segment for NGL Pipelines & Services and Crude Oil Pipelines & Services reflects adjustments for non-refundable deferred transportation revenues relating to

(2) Gross operating margin by segment for NGL Pipelines & Services and Crude Oil Pipelines & Services reflects adjustments for non-refundable deferred transportation revenues relating to the make-up rights of committed shippers on certain major pipeline projects. These adjustments are included in management's evaluation of segment results. However, these adjustments are excluded from non-GAAP total gross operating margin in compliance with guidance from the SEC.

For the second quarter of 2024, depreciation, amortization and accretion expenses totaled \$611 million and cash distributions received from unconsolidated affiliates were \$131 million. In addition, for the second quarter of 2024, total capital investments were approximately \$1.3 billion, which includes \$245 million of sustaining capital expenditures.

Highlights of Second Quarter of 2024 Segment Results. Net income attributable to common unitholders of the Partnership for the second quarter of 2024 was \$1.4 billion compared to \$1.3 billion for the second quarter of 2023. On a fully diluted basis, net income attributable to common unitholders for the second quarter of 2024 was \$0.64 per unit compared to \$0.57 per unit for the second quarter of 2023. The Partnership reported total gross operating margin of \$2.4 billion for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$2.2 billion for the second quarter of 2023.

Below is a review of each business segment's performance for the second quarter of 2024.

NGL Pipelines & Services – Gross operating margin from the NGL Pipelines & Services segment was \$1.3 billion for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$1.1 billion for the second quarter of 2023.

Gross operating margin from the natural gas processing business and related natural gas liquids ("NGL") marketing activities was \$386 million for the second quarter of 2024, an increase of 25 percent compared to \$310 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total fee-based natural gas processing volumes increased 837 million cubic feet per day ("MMcf/d"), or 15 percent, to a record 6.5 billion cubic feet per day ("Bcf/d") in the second quarter of 2023. Total equity NGL-equivalent production volumes were 217 thousand barrels per day ("MBPD") and 173 MBPD in the second quarter of 2024 and 2023, respectively. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this business, with results for the second quarter of 2023:

- Gross operating margin from Permian natural gas processing facilities, including the Midland and Delaware Basin assets, increased \$81 million primarily attributable to the addition of four natural gas processing plants that went into service during the last twelve months. These plants contributed to higher fee-based processing volumes and higher equity NGL-equivalent volumes for the Midland and Delaware Basin assets. These assets also benefited from higher average processing margins, primarily due to the impact of hedging. Midland Basin fee-based processing volumes increased 342 MMcf/d stemming from the addition of the Poseidon and Leonidas natural gas processing trains, which were placed in service in July 2023 and late March 2024, respectively. Midland Basin equity NGL-equivalent production volumes increased 23 MBPD. Delaware Basin fee-based processing volumes increased 359 MMcf/d benefiting from the addition of the Mentone 2 and Mentone 3 processing trains, which were placed in service in October 2023 and late March 2024, respectively. Delaware Basin equity NGL-equivalent production volumes increased 3 MBPD.
- Gross operating margin from South Texas natural gas processing facilities increased \$16 million primarily due to higher average processing margins, higher fee-based processing volumes, and lower operating costs. South Texas fee-based processing volumes increased 153 MMcf/d. Equity NGL-equivalent production volumes were essentially flat.
- Gross operating margin from Rockies natural gas processing facilities increased \$6 million primarily due to higher fee-based processing volumes, which increased 256 MMcf/d, and higher equity NGL-equivalent volumes, which increased 9 MBPD.
- Gross operating margin from NGL marketing activities decreased \$34 million primarily due to lower average sales margins, partially offset by higher sales volumes.

Gross operating margin from the NGL pipelines and storage business was \$701 million for the second quarter of 2024, an increase of \$103 million compared to the second quarter of 2023. Total NGL pipeline transportation volumes were a record 4.3 million barrels per day ("BPD") in the second quarter of 2024, a 9 percent increase over the second quarter of 2023. Total NGL marine terminal volumes increased 15 percent, or 111 MBPD, to 876 MBPD for the second quarter of 2024, compared to the second quarter in 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this business, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

• On a combined basis, the pipelines serving the Permian and Rocky Mountain regions reported a \$21 million increase in gross operating margin. This includes the Mid-America, Seminole, Shin Oak, and Chaparral NGL pipeline systems. The variance was primarily driven by a 179 MBPD, net to our interest, increase in transportation volumes and higher average transportation fees.

- Eastern ethane pipelines, which include the ATEX and Aegis pipelines, reported a \$21 million increase in gross operating margin largely due to higher transportation revenues. Eastern ethane pipeline volumes decreased 48 MBPD.
- Gross operating margin from the Enterprise Hydrocarbons Terminal ("EHT") increased \$18 million primarily due to a 72 MBPD increase in LPG export volumes and higher average loading fees. Gross operating margin from the Morgan's Point Ethane Export Terminal increased \$4 million primarily due to a 39 MBPD increase in export volumes. Gross operating margin from the Houston Ship Channel Pipeline System increased \$9 million in connection with a 139 MBPD increase in transportation volumes.
- Gross operating margin from the Mont Belvieu area storage complex increased \$18 million primarily due to higher storage revenues.

Gross operating margin from the NGL fractionation business was \$238 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$202 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total NGL fractionation volumes increased 253 MBPD to a record 1.6 million BPD for the second quarter of 2024, compared to the second quarter of 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this business, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

Gross operating margin from our Mont Belvieu area NGL fractionation complex increased \$25 million primarily due to a 216 MBPD, net to
our interest, increase in fractionation volumes, partially offset by higher operating costs. The increase in volume and gross operating margin
was primarily due to the addition of the 12th NGL fractionator at this facility, which was placed in service in July 2023. Fractionation volumes
also benefited from the acquisition of the remaining 25 percent equity interest in EF78 LLC in February 2024.

Crude Oil Pipelines & Services – Gross operating margin from the Crude Oil Pipelines & Services segment was \$417 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$422 million for the second quarter of 2023. Gross operating margin for the second quarter of 2024 includes non-cash, mark-to-market gains of \$8 million related to hedging activities compared to non-cash, mark-to-market losses of \$7 million in the second quarter of 2023. Total crude oil pipeline transportation volumes were 2.5 million BPD in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 2.4 million BPD for the second quarter of 2023. Total crude oil marine terminal volumes were 977 MBPD this quarter, a 163 MBPD increase compared to the second quarter of 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this segment, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

- Gross operating margin from crude oil activities at EHT increased \$8 million primarily due to higher loading revenues. Crude oil marine terminal volumes increased 138 MBPD.
- Gross operating margin from the Midland-to-ECHO system and related business activities increased \$4 million. Transportation volumes, net to our interest, increased 153 MBPD primarily due to our acquisition of the remaining 20 percent equity interest in Whitethorn Pipeline Company LLC in February of 2024.
- On a combined basis, our Texas in-basin crude oil pipelines, terminals and other marketing activities reported a \$23 million decrease in gross
 operating margin primarily due to lower average sales margins and transportation fees, partially offset by higher sales volumes. Transportation
 volumes, net to our interest, increased 14 MBPD.

Natural Gas Pipelines & Services – Gross operating margin for the Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment was \$293 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$238 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total natural gas transportation volumes were 18.3 trillion British thermal units per day ("TBtus/d") in both the second quarters of 2024 and 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this segment, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

- Gross operating margin from the Texas Intrastate System increased \$36 million primarily due to higher capacity reservation and transportation revenues, partially offset by higher operating costs. Transportation volumes decreased 294 billion British thermal units per day ("BBtus/d").
- Gross operating margin from our natural gas marketing business increased \$24 million primarily due to higher average sales margins.
- Permian natural gas gathering, including Delaware Basin and Midland Basin Gathering Systems, reported a combined \$5 million increase in gross operating margin primarily due to an 831 BBtus/d increase in gathering volumes, partially offset by higher operating costs.
- Gross operating margin from Haynesville Gathering decreased \$11 million primarily due to lower transportation volumes and revenues. Transportation volumes decreased 168 BBtus/d.

Petrochemical & Refined Products Services – Gross operating margin for the Petrochemical & Refined Products Services segment was \$392 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$383 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total segment pipeline transportation volumes were 946 MBPD in the second quarter 2024 compared to 837 MBPD in the second quarter of 2023. Total marine terminal volumes were 338 MBPD in the second quarter of 2023. Total marine terminal volumes were 338 MBPD in the second quarter of 2023. Total marine terminal volumes were 338 MBPD in the second quarter of 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this segment, with results for the second quarter of 2023 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

- Gross operating margin from our octane enhancement and related plant operations increased \$14 million primarily due to higher sales volumes and revenues.
- Propylene production and related activities reported a \$6 million increase in gross operating margin. Our propylene production facilities reported higher propylene processing revenues and higher average sales margins that were partially offset by lower propylene sales volumes and higher operating costs. Total propylene and associated by-product production volumes were 96 MBPD, net to our interest, a 12 MBPD increase. This increase was driven by contributions from the propane dehydrogenation ("PDH") 2 facility, which was placed in service in July 2023, and higher operating rates at our propylene splitters which experienced 57 days of downtime in the second quarter of 2023. The increases were partially offset by lower production at our PDH 1 facility which was down for 79 days during the second quarter of 2024 for planned maintenance.
- Gross operating margin from our refined products pipelines and related activities decreased \$8 million primarily due to lower average sales margins and lower fee-based revenues at our Beaumont terminal facility.

Capital Expenditures. Total capital spending in the second quarter of 2024 was \$1.3 billion, which included \$1.0 billion for growth capital projects and \$245 million of sustaining capital expenditures. For 2024, the Partnership currently expects to invest approximately \$3.5 billion to \$3.75 billion for growth capital projects. For 2025, we currently expect to invest approximately \$3.25 billion to \$3.75 billion for growth capital projects. These amounts do not include capital investments associated with our proposed deep-water offshore crude oil terminal (the Sea Port Oil Terminal, or "SPOT"), which remains subject to a final investment decision. Sustaining capital expenditures are expected to be approximately \$600 million in 2024. The approximately \$50 million increase in expected sustaining capital expenditures in 2024 is primarily related to higher capital costs associated with the major turnaround at the PDH 1 facility, which was completed in June 2024.



Non-GAAP Financial Measure. We evaluate segment performance based on the non-generally accepted accounting principle ("non-GAAP") financial measure of gross operating margin. Gross operating margin (either in total or by individual segment) is an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations. This measure forms the basis of our internal financial reporting and is used by our executive management in deciding how to allocate capital resources among business segments. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that our management uses in evaluating segment results. The GAAP financial measure most directly comparable to total segment gross operating margin is operating income. The following table presents a reconciliation of total segment gross operating margin to operating income for the periods indicated (dollars in millions).

Enterprise Products Partners L.P.

(\$ in millions)	For the Th Ended		For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2024	 2023	2024		2023		
Total gross operating margin (non-GAAP) <i>Adjustments to reconcile total gross operating margin to total operating</i> <i>income (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):</i> Depreciation, amortization and accretion expense in operating	\$ 2,412	\$ 2,181	\$	4,902	\$	4,516	
costs and expenses (1) Asset impairment charges in operating costs and expenses	(581) (4)	(545) (3)		(1,163) (24)		(1,078)	
Net gains (losses) attributable to asset sales and related matters in operating costs and expenses	(5)	2		(5)		4	
General and administrative costs	 (57)	 (56)		(123)		(113)	
Total operating income (GAAP)	\$ 1,765	\$ 1,579	\$	3,587	\$	3,313	

(1) Excludes amortization of major maintenance costs for reaction-based plants, which are a component of gross operating margin.

Total gross operating margin includes equity in the earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, but is exclusive of other income and expense transactions, income taxes, the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles and extraordinary charges. Total gross operating margin is presented on a 100% basis before any allocation of earnings to noncontrolling interests.

Enterprise to Expand LPG Export Capacity at EHT

In July 2024, we announced plans to move forward with the construction of a fourth refrigeration train at our Enterprise Hydrocarbon Terminal ("EHT"). The addition of a fourth refrigeration train ("Ref 4"), which is expected to be placed into service by the end of 2026, will increase our propane and butane export capabilities by approximately 300 MBPD. In addition to providing incremental liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG") export capacity, Ref 4 will increase the instantaneous loading rates for propane and butane at EHT, while also making additional capacity available for propylene exports.

Enterprise Begins Initial Service on TW Products System

In March 2024, we placed into service the first phase of our Texas Western Products System ("TW Products System") and began truck loading operations at our new Permian terminal in Gaines County, Texas. This facility features approximately 900,000 barrels of storage for gasoline and diesel, and truck loading capacity of 10 MBPD. Additionally, we placed into service and began truck loading operations at our Jal and Moriarty Terminals located in New Mexico during the second quarter of 2024. We expect the Grand Junction Terminal located in Utah to be placed into service in the third quarter of 2024.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Enterprise Products Partners L.P. earnings press release dated July 30, 2024.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File-the cover page interactive data file does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL
	tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.



SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

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ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L.P.

By: Enterprise Products Holdings LLC, its General Partner

Date: July 30, 2024

 By:
 /s/ R. Daniel Boss

 Name:
 R. Daniel Boss

 Title:
 Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Enterprise Products Holdings LLC



Enterprise Reports Results for Second Quarter 2024

Houston, Texas (Tuesday, July 30, 2024) – Enterprise Products Partners L.P. ("Enterprise") (NYSE: EPD) today announced its financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024.

Enterprise reported net income attributable to common unitholders of \$1.4 billion, or \$0.64 per unit on a fully diluted basis, for the second quarter of 2024, a 12 percent increase compared to \$1.3 billion, or \$0.57 per unit on a fully diluted basis, for the second quarter of 2023.

Distributable Cash Flow ("DCF") was \$1.8 billion for the second quarter of 2024, compared to \$1.7 billion for the second quarter of 2023. Distributions declared with respect to the second quarter of 2024 increased 5 percent to \$0.525 per common unit, or \$2.10 per common unit annualized, compared to distributions declared for the second quarter of 2023. DCF provided 1.6 times coverage of the distribution declared for the second quarter of this year, and Enterprise retained \$661 million of DCF.

Enterprise repurchased approximately \$40 million of its common units on the open market in the second quarter of 2024. Including these purchases, the partnership has utilized 50 percent of its authorized \$2.0 billion common unit buyback program.

Adjusted cash flow from operations ("Adjusted CFFO") was \$2.1 billion for the second quarter of 2024, compared to \$1.9 billion for the second quarter of 2023. Adjusted CFFO was \$8.4 billion for the twelve months ended June 30, 2024. Enterprise's payout ratio, comprised of distributions to common unitholders and partnership common unit buybacks, for the twelve months ended June 30, 2024, was 55 percent of Adjusted CFFO.

Total capital investments were \$1.3 billion in the second quarter of 2024, which included \$1.0 billion for growth capital projects and \$245 million of sustaining capital expenditures. Organic growth capital investments are expected to be in the range of \$3.5 billion to \$3.75 billion in 2024 and \$3.25 billion to \$3.75 billion in 2025. Sustaining capital expenditures are expected to be approximately \$600 million in 2024. The approximately \$50 million increase in expected sustaining capital expenditures for 2024 is primarily related to higher capital costs associated with the major turnaround at the PDH 1 facility, which was completed in June 2024.

Total debt principal outstanding at June 30, 2024 was \$30.6 billion, including \$2.3 billion of junior subordinated notes to which the debt rating agencies ascribe partial equity content. At June 30, 2024, Enterprise had consolidated liquidity of approximately \$3.4 billion, comprised of available borrowing capacity under its revolving credit facilities and unrestricted cash on hand.

Conference Call to Discuss Second Quarter 2024 Earnings

Enterprise will host a conference call today to discuss second quarter 2024 earnings. The call will be webcast live beginning at 9:00 a.m. CT and may be accessed by visiting the partnership's website at www.enterpriseproducts.com.

Second Quarter 2024 Financial Highlights

		nths Ei e 30,	nded		
		2024		2023	
(\$ in millions, except per unit amounts)					
Operating income (1)	\$	1,765	\$	1,579	
Net income (1) (2)	\$	1,422	\$	1,283	
Fully diluted earnings per common unit ⁽²⁾	\$	0.64	\$	0.57	
Total gross operating margin ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾	\$	2,412	\$	2,181	
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽³⁾	\$	2,389	\$	2,171	
Adjusted CFFO (3)	\$	2,065	\$	1,866	
Adjusted FCF (3)	\$	814	\$	1,073	
DCF (3)	\$	1,812	\$	1,735	
Operational DCF ⁽³⁾	\$	1,808	\$	1,731	

Operating income, net income, and gross operating margin include non-cash, mark-to-market ("MTM") gains on financial instruments used in our commodity hedging activities of \$12 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to losses of \$7 million for the second quarter of 2023. (1)

(2)

Net income for the second quarter of 2024 compared to losses of 37 infinite for the second quarter of 2025. Net income for the second quarter of 2024 compared to losses of 37 infinite for the second quarter of 2025. Total gross operating margin, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA"), Adjusted CFFO, adjusted free cash flow ("Adjusted FCF"), DCF and Operational Distributable Cash Flow ("Operational DCF") are non-generally accepted accounting principle ("non-GAAP") financial measures that are defined and reconciled later in this press release. (3)

Second Quarter 2024 Volume Highlights	Three Months I June 30,					
	2024	2023				
Equivalent pipeline transportation volumes (million BPD) ⁽¹⁾	12.6	11.9				
NGL, crude oil, refined products & petrochemical pipeline volumes						
(million BPD)	7.7	7.1				
Marine terminal volumes (million BPD)	2.2	1.9				
Natural gas pipeline volumes (TBtus/d)	18.3	18.3				
NGL fractionation volumes (MBPD)	1,629	1,376				
Propylene plant production volumes (MBPD)	96	84				
Fee-based natural gas processing volumes (<i>Bcf/d</i>)	6.5	5.7				
Equity NGL-equivalent production volumes (MBPD)	217	173				

 Represents total NGL, crude oil, refined products and petrochemical transportation volumes plus equivalent energy volumes where 3.8 million British thermal units ("MMBtus") of natural gas transportation volumes are equivalent to one barrel of NGLs transported.

As used in this press release, "NGL" means natural gas liquids, "LPG" means liquefied petroleum gas, "BPD" means barrels per day, "MBPD" means thousand barrels per day, "MMcf/d" means million cubic feet per day, "Bcf/d" means billion cubic feet per day, "BBtus/d" means billion British thermal units per day and "TBtus/d" means trillion British thermal units per day.

"Enterprise reported a solid second quarter in terms of both volumes and cash flow generated by our integrated midstream system," said A. J. "Jim" Teague, co-chief executive officer of Enterprise's general partner. "Even though the second quarter is typically our seasonally weakest quarter, the partnership handled a near record 12.6 million BPD of equivalent pipeline volumes and 2.2 million BPD of marine terminal volumes, as well as record feebased natural gas processing, NGL pipeline and NGL fractionation volumes. Our total equivalent pipeline volumes and marine terminal volumes increased by 5 percent and 18 percent, respectively, compared to the second quarter of 2023."

"Our investments in infrastructure to support growth in the Permian Basin were visible both volumetrically and financially in our NGL Pipeline & Services segment during the second quarter. This segment reported a 19 percent increase in gross operating margin compared to the second quarter of last year primarily attributable to four new natural gas processing plants in the Permian Basin and our 12th NGL fractionator at our Mont Belvieu area complex that began operations over the past twelve months. In addition, we benefited from improvements in natural gas processing margins compared to last year. Our Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment reported a 23 percent increase in gross operating margin versus the same quarter in 2023 largely due to higher transportation revenues and marketing margins associated with the wider price spreads between the Waha hub and other market hubs," said Teague.

"This operating performance led to a 12 percent increase in earnings per common unit on a fully diluted basis, an 11 percent increase in adjusted cash flow from operations and a 5 percent increase in our cash distribution per unit for the second quarter of 2024, compared to the second quarter of 2023. The year 2024 will mark our 26th consecutive year of distribution growth. In addition, the partnership has \$6.7 billion of fee-based growth projects under construction that provide visibility to future earnings and cash flow growth," said Teague.

"We completed a comprehensive turnaround of our PDH 1 plant during the second quarter. We expect this work will result in greater reliability and higher utilization rates. Since PDH 1 returned to service in late June, it has operated above its nameplate capacity. Upon completion of the PDH 1 turnaround, we elected to promptly begin the planned turnaround of PDH 2 given scheduling efficiencies and availability of manpower and equipment. We expect PDH 2 to return to service in August. I would like to thank our Mont Belvieu team and supporting service providers for their efforts on these turnarounds," said Teague.

Review of Second Quarter 2024 Results

Total gross operating margin was \$2.4 billion for the second quarter of 2024, an 11 percent increase compared to \$2.2 billion for the second quarter of 2023.

NGL Pipelines & Services – Gross operating margin from the NGL Pipelines & Services segment was \$1.3 billion for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$1.1 billion for the second quarter of 2023.

Gross operating margin from the natural gas processing business and related NGL marketing activities was \$386 million for the second quarter of 2024, an increase of 25 percent compared to \$310 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total fee-based natural gas processing volumes increased 837 MMcf/d, or 15 percent, to a record 6.5 Bcf/d in the second quarter of 2024, compared to the second quarter of 2023. Total equity NGL-equivalent production volumes were 217 MBPD and 173 MBPD in the second quarters of 2024 and 2023, respectively. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this business, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

Gross operating margin from Permian natural gas processing facilities, including the Midland and Delaware Basin assets, increased \$81 million primarily attributable to the addition of four natural gas processing plants that went into service during the last twelve months. These plants contributed to higher fee-based processing volumes and higher equity NGL-equivalent volumes for the Midland and Delaware Basin assets. These assets also benefited from higher average processing margins, primarily due to the impact of hedging. Midland Basin fee-based processing volumes increased 342 MMcf/d stemming from the addition of the Poseidon and Leonidas natural gas processing trains, which were placed in service in July 2023 and late March 2024, respectively. Midland Basin equity NGL-equivalent production volumes increased 23 MBPD. Delaware Basin fee-based processing volumes increased 359 MMcf/d benefiting from the addition of the Mentone 2 and Mentone 3 processing trains, which were placed in service in October 2023 and late March 2024, respectively. Delaware Basin equity NGL-equivalent production volumes increased 3 MBPD.

- Gross operating margin from South Texas natural gas processing facilities increased \$16 million primarily due to higher average processing margins, higher fee-based processing volumes, and lower operating costs. South Texas fee-based processing volumes increased 153 MMcf/d. Equity NGL-equivalent production volumes were essentially flat.
- Gross operating margin from Rockies natural gas processing facilities increased \$6 million primarily due to higher fee-based processing volumes, which increased 256 MMcf/d, and higher equity NGL-equivalent volumes, which increased 9 MBPD.
- Gross operating margin from NGL marketing activities decreased \$34 million primarily due to lower average sales margins, partially offset by higher sales volumes.

Gross operating margin from the NGL pipelines and storage business was \$701 million for the second quarter of 2024, an increase of \$103 million compared to the second quarter of 2023. Total NGL pipeline transportation volumes were a record 4.3 million BPD in the second quarter of 2024, a 9 percent increase over the second quarter of 2023. Total NGL marine terminal volumes increased 15 percent, or 111 MBPD, to 876 MBPD for the second quarter of 2024, compared to the second quarter in 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this business, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

- On a combined basis, the pipelines serving the Permian and Rocky Mountain regions reported a \$21 million increase in gross operating margin. This includes the Mid-America, Seminole, Shin Oak, and Chaparral NGL pipeline systems. The variance was primarily driven by a 179 MBPD, net to our interest, increase in transportation volumes and higher average transportation fees.
- Eastern ethane pipelines, which include the ATEX and Aegis pipelines, reported a \$21 million increase in gross operating margin largely due to higher transportation revenues. Eastern ethane pipeline volumes decreased 48 MBPD.
- Gross operating margin from the Enterprise Hydrocarbons Terminal ("EHT") increased \$18 million primarily due to a 72 MBPD increase in LPG export volumes and higher average loading fees. Gross operating margin from the Morgan's Point Ethane Export Terminal increased \$4 million primarily due to a 39 MBPD increase in export volumes. Gross operating margin from the Houston Ship Channel Pipeline System increased \$9 million in connection with a 139 MBPD increase in transportation volumes.
- Gross operating margin from the Mont Belvieu area storage complex increased \$18 million primarily due to higher storage revenues.

Gross operating margin from the NGL fractionation business was \$238 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$202 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total NGL fractionation volumes increased 253 MBPD to a record 1.6 million BPD for the second quarter of 2024, compared to the second quarter of 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this business, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

Gross operating margin from our Mont Belvieu area NGL fractionation complex increased \$25 million primarily due to a 216 MBPD, net to
our interest, increase in fractionation volumes, partially offset by higher operating costs. The increase in volume and gross operating margin
was primarily due to the addition of the 12th NGL fractionator at this facility, which was placed in service in July 2023. Fractionation volumes
also benefited from the acquisition of the remaining 25 percent equity interest in EF78 LLC in February 2024.

Crude Oil Pipelines & Services – Gross operating margin from the Crude Oil Pipelines & Services segment was \$417 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$422 million for the second quarter of 2023. Gross operating margin for the second quarter of 2024 includes non-cash, MTM gains of \$8 million related to hedging activities compared to non-cash, MTM losses of \$7 million in the second quarter of 2023. Total crude oil pipeline transportation volumes were 2.5 million BPD in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 2.4 million BPD for the second quarter of 2023. Total crude oil marine terminal volumes were 977 MBPD this quarter, a 163 MBPD increase compared to the second quarter of 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this segment, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

- Gross operating margin from crude oil activities at EHT increased \$8 million primarily due to higher loading revenues. Crude oil marine terminal volumes increased 138 MBPD.
- Gross operating margin from the Midland-to-ECHO system and related business activities increased \$4 million. Transportation volumes, net to our interest, increased 153 MBPD primarily due to our acquisition of the remaining 20 percent equity interest in Whitethorn Pipeline Company LLC in February of 2024.
- On a combined basis, our Texas in-basin crude oil pipelines, terminals and other marketing activities reported a \$23 million decrease in gross operating margin primarily due to lower average sales margins and transportation fees, partially offset by higher sales volumes. Transportation volumes, net to our interest, increased 14 MBPD.

Natural Gas Pipelines & Services – Gross operating margin for the Natural Gas Pipelines & Services segment was \$293 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$238 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total natural gas transportation volumes were 18.3 TBtus/d in both the second quarters of 2024 and 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this segment, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

- Gross operating margin from the Texas Intrastate System increased \$36 million primarily due to higher capacity reservation and transportation revenues, partially offset by higher operating costs. Transportation volumes decreased 294 BBtus/d.
- Gross operating margin from our natural gas marketing business increased \$24 million primarily due to higher average sales margins.
- Permian natural gas gathering, including Delaware Basin and Midland Basin Gathering Systems, reported a combined \$5 million increase in
 gross operating margin primarily due to an 831 BBtus/d increase in gathering volumes, partially offset by higher operating costs.
- Gross operating margin from Haynesville Gathering decreased \$11 million primarily due to lower transportation volumes and revenues. Transportation volumes decreased 168 BBtus/d.

Petrochemical & Refined Products Services – Gross operating margin for the Petrochemical & Refined Products Services segment was \$392 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$383 million for the second quarter of 2023. Total segment pipeline transportation volumes were 946 MBPD in the second quarter 2024 compared to 837 MBPD in the second quarter of 2023. Total marine terminal volumes were 338 MBPD in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 283 MBPD for the second quarter of 2023. The following highlights summarize selected variances within this segment, with results for the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023:

- Gross operating margin from our octane enhancement and related plant operations increased \$14 million primarily due to higher sales volumes and revenues.
- Propylene production and related activities reported a \$6 million increase in gross operating margin. Our propylene production facilities reported higher propylene processing revenues and higher average sales margins that were partially offset by lower propylene sales volumes and higher operating costs. Total propylene and associated by-product production volumes were 96 MBPD, net to our interest, a 12 MBPD increase. This increase was driven by contributions from the PDH 2 facility, which was placed in service in July 2023, and higher operating rates at our propylene splitters which experienced 57 days of downtime in the second quarter of 2023. The increases were partially offset by lower production at our PDH 1 facility which was down for 79 days during the second quarter of 2024 for planned maintenance.
- Gross operating margin from our refined products pipelines and related activities decreased \$8 million primarily due to lower average sales margins and lower fee-based revenues at our Beaumont terminal facility.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This press release and accompanying schedules include the non-GAAP financial measures of total gross operating margin, Adjusted CFFO, FCF, Adjusted FCF, DCF, Operational DCF and Adjusted EBITDA. The accompanying schedules provide definitions of these non-GAAP financial measures and reconciliations to their most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as alternatives to GAAP measures such as net income, operating income, net cash flow provided by operating activities or any other measure of financial performance calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies because they may not calculate such measures in the same manner as we do.

Company Information and Use of Forward-Looking Statements

Enterprise Products Partners L.P. is one of the largest publicly traded partnerships and a leading North American provider of midstream energy services to producers and consumers of natural gas, NGLs, crude oil, refined products and petrochemicals. Services include: natural gas gathering, treating, processing, transportation and storage; NGL transportation, fractionation, storage and marine terminals; crude oil gathering, transportation storage and marine terminals; petrochemical and refined products transportation, storage and marine terminals; and a marine transportation business that operates on key U.S. inland and intracoastal waterway systems. The partnership's assets currently include more than 50,000 miles of pipelines; over 300 million barrels of storage capacity for NGLs, crude oil, petrochemicals and refined products; and 14 billion cubic feet of natural gas storage capacity.

This press release includes forward-looking statements. Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters discussed in this press release are forward-looking statements that involve certain risks and uncertainties, such as the partnership's expectations regarding future results, capital expenditures, project completions, liquidity and financial market conditions. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things, insufficient cash from operations, adverse market conditions, governmental regulations and other factors discussed in Enterprise's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. If any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results or outcomes may vary materially from those expected. The partnership disclaims any intention or obligation to update publicly or reverse such statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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Condensed Statements of Consolidated Operations - UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions, except per unit amounts)

(\$ in millions, except per unit amounts)		For the Th Ended	iree Mo June 30			For the Si Ended J		For the Twelv Months Ende June 30,		
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024
Revenues	\$	13,483	\$	10,651	\$	28,243	\$	23,095	\$	54,863
Costs and expenses:										
Operating costs and expenses		11,762		9,137		24,736		19,894		47,859
General and administrative costs		57		56		123		113		241
Total costs and expenses		11,819		9,193	_	24,859	_	20,007	_	48,100
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		101		121		203		225		440
Operating income		1,765		1,579		3,587		3,313		7,203
Other income (expense):										
Interest expense		(332)		(302)		(663)		(616)		(1,316
Other, net		4		19		17		31		27
Total other expense, net		(328)		(283)		(646)		(585)		(1,289
Income before income taxes		1,437		1,296		2,941		2,728		5,914
Provision for income taxes		(15)	_	(13)	_	(36)	_	(23)	_	(57
<u>Net income</u>		1,422		1,283		2,905		2,705		5,857
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(16)		(29)		(42)		(60)		(107
Net income attributable to preferred units		(1)		(1)		(2)		(2)		(3
Net income attributable to common unitholders	<u>\$</u>	1,405	\$	1,253	\$	2,861	\$	2,643	\$	5,747
Per common unit data (fully diluted):										
Earnings per common unit	\$	0.64	\$	0.57	\$	1.30	\$	1.20	\$	2.62
Average common units outstanding (in millions)		2,194		2,196		2,194		2,195		2,193
Supplemental financial data:										
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	1,574	\$	1,902	\$	3,685	\$	3,485	\$	7,769
Net cash flow used in investing activities	\$	1,243	\$	765	\$	2,281	\$	1,402	\$	4,076
Net cash flow used in financing activities	\$	281	\$	1,136	\$	1,290	\$	2,012	\$	3,536
Total debt principal outstanding at end of period	\$	30,621	\$	28,926	\$	30,621	\$	28,926	\$	30,621
	¢	1.012	¢	1 725	¢	2 727	¢	2 (72	¢	7.65
Non-GAAP Distributable Cash Flow (1)	\$	1,812	\$	1,735	\$	3,727	\$	3,673	\$	7,655
Non-GAAP Operational Distributable Cash Flow (1)	\$	1,808	\$	1,731	\$	3,750	\$	3,646	\$	7,642
Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA (2)	<u>\$</u>	2,389	\$	2,171	\$	4,858	\$	4,492	\$	9,684
Non-GAAP Adjusted Cash flow from operations (3)	<u>\$</u>	2,065	\$	1,866	\$	4,212	\$	3,888	\$	8,448
Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow (4)	\$	323	\$	1,109	\$	1,366	\$	2,017	\$	3,605
Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow (4)	\$	814	\$	1,073	\$	1,893	\$	2,420	\$	4,284
Gross operating margin by segment:										
NGL Pipelines & Services	\$	1,325	\$	1,110	\$	2,665	\$	2,322	\$	5,241
Crude Oil Pipelines & Services		417		422		828		819		1,716
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services		293		238		605		552		1,130
Petrochemical & Refined Products Services		392		383		836		802		1,728
Total segment gross operating margin (5)		2,427		2,153		4,934		4,495		9,815
Net adjustment for shipper make-up rights (6)		(15)		28		(32)		21		(34
Non-GAAP total gross operating margin (7)	\$	2,412	\$	2,181	\$	4,902	\$	4,516	\$	9,781

See Exhibit F for reconciliation to GAAP net cash flow provided by operating activities. (1)

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) See Exhibit G for reconciliation to GAAP net cash flow provided by operating activities. See Exhibit E for reconciliation to GAAP net cash flow provided by operating activities. See Exhibit D for reconciliation to GAAP net cash flow provided by operating activities.

See Exhibit D for reconciliation to GAAP net cash flow provided by operating activities. Within the context of this table, total segment gross operating margin represents a subtotal and corresponds to measures similarly titled within the financial statement footnotes provided in our quarterly and annual filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Gross operating margin by segment for NGL Pipelines & Services and Crude Oil Pipelines & Services reflects adjustments for non-refundable deferred transportation revenues relating to the make-up rights of committed shippers on certain major pipeline projects. These adjustments are included in managements' evaluation of segment results. However, these adjustments are excluded from non-GAAP total gross operating margin in compliance with guidance from the SEC. See Exhibit H for reconciliation to GAAP total operating income. (6)

(7)

_	For the Three Ended Jun		For the Six M Ended Jun	For the Twelve Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
Selected operating data: (1)					
NGL Pipelines & Services, net:					
NGL pipeline transportation volumes (MBPD)	4,264	3,910	4,213	3,944	4,166
NGL marine terminal volumes (MBPD)	876	765	886	794	866
NGL fractionation volumes (MBPD)	1,629	1,376	1,593	1,373	1,575
Equity NGL-equivalent production volumes (MBPD) ⁽²⁾	217	173	201	169	192
Fee-based natural gas processing volumes (MMcf/d) (3,4)	6,514	5,677	6,438	5,609	6,261
Crude Oil Pipelines & Services, net:					
Crude oil pipeline transportation volumes (MBPD)	2,528	2,366	2,454	2,332	2,520
Crude oil marine terminal volumes (MBPD)	977	814	1,035	829	1,014
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services, net:					
Natural gas pipeline transportation volumes (BBtus/d) (5)	18,344	18,264	18,479	18,145	18,531
Petrochemical & Refined Products Services, net:					
Propylene production volumes (MBPD)	96	84	97	90	100
Butane isomerization volumes (MBPD)	119	120	118	109	116
Standalone DIB processing volumes (MBPD)	211	174	204	163	196
Octane enhancement and related plant sales volumes (MBPD) (6)	39	37	37	31	39
Pipeline transportation volumes, primarily refined products	946	837	903	812	893
and petrochemicals (MBPD)					
Refined products and petrochemicals marine terminal volumes (MBPD) ⁽⁷⁾	338	283	334	303	336
Total, net: NGL, crude oil, petrochemical and refined products					
pipeline transportation volumes (MBPD)	7,738	7,113	7,570	7,088	7,579
Natural gas pipeline transportation volumes (BBtus/d)	18,344	18,264	18,479	18,145	18,531
Equivalent pipeline transportation volumes (MBPD) ⁽⁸⁾	12,565	11,919	12,433	11,863	12,456
NGL, crude oil, refined products and petrochemical marine terminal volumes (MBPD)	2,191	1,862	2,255	1,926	2,216

(1)Operating rates are reported on a net basis, which take into account our ownership interests in certain joint ventures and include volumes for newly constructed assets from the related in-Primarily represents the NGL and condensate volumes we earn and take title to in connection with our processing activities. The total equity NGL-equivalent production volumes also

(2) include residue natural gas volumes from our natural gas processing business.

(3)

Volumes reported correspond to the revenue streams earned by our gas plants. "MMcf/d" means million cubic feet per day. Fee-based natural gas processing volumes are measured at either the wellhead or plant inlet in MMcf/d. "BBtus/d" means billion British thermal units per day. Reflects aggregate sales volumes for our octane enhancement and isobutane dehydrogenation ("iBDH") facilities located at our Mont Belvieu area complex and our high-purity isobutylene (4) (5) (6)

production facility located adjacent to the Houston Ship Channel. In addition to exports of refined products, these amounts include loading volumes at our ethylene export terminal. Represents total NGL, crude oil, refined products and petrochemical transportation volumes plus equivalent energy volumes where 3.8 million British thermal units ("MMBtus") of natural gas transportation volumes are equivalent to one barrel of NGLs transported. (7) (8)

2023 by quarter:	(tural Sas, ABtu (1)	thane, allon (2)	Normal Propane, Butane, Isobutane, \$/gallon ⁽²⁾ \$/gallon ⁽²⁾ \$/gallon ⁽²⁾		Propane, Butane,			, Isobutane,			Natural Gasoline, gallon (2)	Polymer Grade Propylene, \$/pound (3)		Refinery Grade Propylene, \$/pound (3)	
First Quarter	\$	3.44	\$ 0.25	\$	0.82	\$	1.11	\$	1.16	\$	1.62	\$	0.50	\$	0.22	
Second Quarter	\$	2.09	\$ 0.21	\$	0.67	\$	0.78	\$	0.84	\$	1.44	\$	0.40	\$	0.21	
Third Quarter	\$	2.54	\$ 0.30	\$	0.68	\$	0.83	\$	0.94	\$	1.55	\$	0.36	\$	0.15	
Fourth Quarter	\$	2.88	\$ 0.23	\$	0.67	\$	0.91	\$	1.07	\$	1.48	\$	0.46	\$	0.17	
2023 Averages	\$	2.74	\$ 0.25	\$	0.71	\$	0.91	\$	1.00	\$	1.52	\$	0.43	\$	0.19	
2024 by quarter:																
First Quarter	\$	2.25	\$ 0.19	\$	0.84	\$	1.03	\$	1.14	\$	1.54	\$	0.55	\$	0.18	
Second Quarter	\$	1.89	\$ 0.19	\$	0.75	\$	0.90	\$	1.26	\$	1.55	\$	0.47	\$	0.21	
2024 Averages	\$	2.07	\$ 0.19	\$	0.80	\$	0.97	\$	1.20	\$	1.55	\$	0.51	\$	0.20	

(1)

Natural gas prices are based on Henry-Hub Inside FERC commercial index prices as reported by Platts, which is a division of S&P Global, Inc. NGL prices for ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and natural gasoline are based on Mont Belvieu Non-TET commercial index prices as reported by Oil Price Information Service, (2) which is a division of Dow Jones

Polymer grade propylene prices represent average contract pricing for such product as reported by IHS Markit ("IHS"), which is a division of S&P Global, Inc. Refinery grade propylene (3) prices represent weighted-average spot prices for such product as reported by IHS.

2023 by quarter:	WTI Crude Oil, \$/barrel (1)			Midland Crude Oil, \$/barrel ⁽²⁾		Houston Crude Oil \$/barrel ⁽²⁾		LLS Crude Oil, \$/barrel ⁽³⁾
First Quarter	\$	76.13	\$	77.50	\$	77.74	\$	79.00
Second Quarter	\$	73.78	\$	74.48	\$	74.68	\$	75.87
Third Quarter	\$	82.26	\$	83.85	\$	84.02	\$	84.72
Fourth Quarter	\$	78.32	\$	79.62	\$	79.89	\$	80.93
2023 Averages	\$	77.62	\$	78.86	\$	79.08	\$	80.13
2024 by quarter:								
First Quarter	\$	76.96	\$	78.55	\$	78.85	\$	79.75
Second Quarter	\$	80.57	\$	81.73	\$	82.33	\$	83.60
2024 Averages	\$	78.77	\$	80.14	\$	80.59	\$	81.68

West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") prices are based on commercial index prices at Cushing, Oklahoma as measured by the NYMEX.

(2)Midland and Houston crude oil prices are based on commercial index prices as reported by Argus. Light Louisiana Sweet ("LLS") prices are based on commercial index prices as reported by Platts.

(3)

The weighted-average indicative market price for NGLs (based on prices for such products at Mont Belvieu, Texas, which is the primary industry hub for domestic NGL production) was \$0.59 per gallon during the second quarter of 2024 versus \$0.55 per gallon during the second quarter of 2023. Fluctuations in our consolidated revenues and cost of sales amounts are explained in large part by changes in energy commodity prices. An increase in our consolidated marketing revenues due to higher energy commodity sales prices may not result in an increase in gross operating margin or cash available for distribution, since our consolidated cost of sales amounts would also be expected to increase due to comparable increases in the purchase prices of the underlying energy commodities. The same type of relationship would be true in the case of lower energy commodity sales prices and purchase costs.

Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow - UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions)		For the Th Ended J		For the Si Ended J			
	2024 2023				2024		2023
Free Cash Flow ("FCF") and Adjusted FCF							
Net cash flow provided by operating activities (GAAP) Adjustments to reconcile net cash flow provided by operating activities to FCF and Adjusted FCF (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):	\$	1,574	\$	1,902	\$ 3,685	\$	3,485
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(1,243)		(765)	(2,281)		(1,402)
Cash contributions from noncontrolling interests		17		11	25		15
Cash distributions paid to noncontrolling interests		(25)	_	(39)	 (63)		(81)
FCF (non-GAAP)	\$	323	\$	1,109	\$ 1,366	\$	2,017
Net effect of changes in operating accounts, as applicable		491		(36)	 527		403
Adjusted FCF (non-GAAP)	\$	814	\$	1,073	\$ 1,893	\$	2,420

	For the Twelve Months Ended June 30,			
		2024		2023
Net cash flow provided by operating activities (GAAP) Adjustments to reconcile net cash flow provided by operating activities to FCF and Adjusted FCF (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):	\$	7,769	\$	7,260
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(4,076)		(2,488)
Cash contributions from noncontrolling interests		54		18
Cash distributions paid to noncontrolling interests		(142)		(162)
FCF (non-GAAP)	\$	3,605	\$	4,628
Net effect of changes in operating accounts, as applicable		679		675
Adjusted FCF (non-GAAP)	\$	4,284	\$	5,303

FCF is a non-GAAP measure of how much cash a business generates after accounting for capital expenditures such as plants or pipelines. Additionally, Adjusted FCF is a non-GAAP measure of how much cash a business generates, excluding the net effect of changes in operating accounts, after accounting for capital expenditures. We believe that FCF is important to traditional investors since it reflects the amount of cash available for reducing debt, investing in additional capital projects and/or paying distributions. We believe that Adjusted FCF is also important to traditional investors for the same reasons as FCF, without regard for fluctuations caused by timing of when amounts earned or incurred were collected, received or paid from period to period. Since we partner with other companies to fund certain capital projects of our consolidated subsidiaries, our determination of FCF and Adjusted FCF appropriately reflect the amount of cash contributed from and distributed to noncontrolling interests.

Adjusted Cash flow from operations - UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Si Ended				For the Twelve Months Ended June 30,			
		2024	2023		2024		2023		2024		_	2023	
Adjusted Cash flow from operations ("Adjusted CFFO")													
Net cash flow provided by operating activities (GAAP) Adjustments to reconcile net cash flow provided by operating activities to Adjusted Cash flow from operations (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):	\$	1,574	\$	1,902	\$	3,685	\$	3,485	\$	7,769	\$	7,260	
Net effect of changes in operating accounts, as applicable		491		(36)		527		403		679	_	675	
Adjusted CFFO (non-GAAP)	\$	2,065	\$	1,866	\$	4,212	\$	3,888	\$	8,448	\$	7,935	

Adjusted CFFO is a non-GAAP measure that represents net cash flow provided by operating activities before the net effect of changes in operating accounts. We believe that it is important to consider this non-GAAP measure as it can often be a better way to measure the amount of cash generated from our operations that can be used to fund our capital investments or return value to our investors through cash distributions and buybacks, without regard for fluctuations caused by timing of when amounts earned or incurred were collected, received or paid from period to period.

Distributable Cash Flow and Operational Distributable Cash Flow – UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions)

		For the Th Ended			For the S Ended	For the Twelve Months Ended June 30,				
	2024		2023		2024		2023		_	2024
Distributable Cash Flow ("DCF") and Operational DCF										
Net income attributable to common unitholders (GAAP) Adjustments to net income attributable to common unitholders to derive DCF (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):	\$	1,405	\$	1,253	\$	2,861	\$	2,643	\$	5,747
Depreciation, amortization and accretion expenses		611		576		1,227		1,143		2,427
Cash distributions received from unconsolidated affiliates		131		128		243		247		484
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		(101)		(121)		(203)		(225)		(440)
Asset impairment charges		4		3		24		16		40
Change in fair market value of derivative instruments		(12)		7		(8)		10		15
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)		5		(11)		14		(8)		34
Sustaining capital expenditures (1)		(245)		(101)		(425)		(185)		(653)
Other, net		10		(3)		17		5	_	(12)
Operational DCF (non-GAAP)		1,808		1,731		3,750		3,646		7,642
Proceeds from asset sales and other matters		4		4		6		6		42
Monetization of interest rate derivative instruments accounted for as cash flow hedges						(29)		21	_	(29)
DCF (non-GAAP)	\$	1,812	\$	1,735	\$	3,727	\$	3,673	\$	7,655
Adjustments to reconcile DCF with net cash flow provided by operating activities (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):										
Net effect of changes in operating accounts, as applicable		(491)		36		(527)		(403)		(679)
Sustaining capital expenditures		245		101		425		185		653
Other, net		8		30		60		30		140
Net cash flow provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$	1,574	\$	1,902	\$	3,685	<u>\$</u>	3,485	\$	7,769

(1) Sustaining capital expenditures are capital expenditures (as defined by GAAP) resulting from improvements to and major renewals of existing assets. Such expenditures serve to maintain existing operations but do not generate additional revenues.

DCF is an important non-GAAP liquidity measure for our common unitholders since it serves as an indicator of our success in providing a cash return on investment. Specifically, this liquidity measure indicates to investors whether or not we are generating cash flows at a level that can sustain or support an increase in our quarterly cash distributions. DCF is also a quantitative standard used by the investment community with respect to publicly traded partnerships because the value of a partnership unit is, in part, measured by its yield, which is based on the amount of cash distributions a partnership can pay to a common unitholder.

Operational DCF, which is defined as DCF excluding the impact of proceeds from asset sales and other matters and monetization of interest rate derivative instruments, is a supplemental non-GAAP liquidity measure that quantifies the portion of cash available for distribution to common unitholders that was generated from our normal operations. We believe that it is important to consider this non-GAAP measure as it provides an enhanced perspective of our assets' ability to generate cash flows without regard for certain items that do not reflect our core operations.

The GAAP measure most directly comparable to DCF and Operational DCF is net cash flow provided by operating activities.

Adjusted EBITDA - UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions)

	 For the Th Ended J		For th End	For the Twelve Months Ended June 30,					
	 2024		2023	2024	_	202	3		2024
Net income (GAAP) Adjustments to net income to derive Adjusted EBITDA (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):	\$ 1,422	\$	1,283	\$ 2,90)5	\$	2,705	\$	5,857
Depreciation, amortization and accretion in costs and expenses (1)	593		558	1,19	93		1,104		2,356
Interest expense, including related amortization	332		302	66	53		616		1,316
Cash distributions received from unconsolidated affiliates	131		128	24	43		247		484
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates	(101)		(121)	(20)3)		(225)		(440)
Asset impairment charges	4		3	2	24		16		40
Provision for income taxes	15		13	3	86		23		57
Change in fair market value of commodity derivative instruments	(12)		7		(8)		10		15
Other, net	 5		(2)		5		(4)		(1)
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP) Adjustments to reconcile Adjusted EBITDA to net cash flow provided by operating activities (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):	2,389		2,171	4,85	58		4,492		9,684
Interest expense, including related amortization	(332)		(302)	(66	53)		(616)		(1,316)
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	5		(11)	1	4		(8)		34
Provision for income taxes	(15)		(13)	(3	36)		(23)		(57)
Net effect of changes in operating accounts, as applicable	(491)		36	(52	27)		(403)		(679)
Other, net	 18		21	3	<u> 89</u>		43		103
Net cash flow provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$ 1,574	\$	1,902	\$ 3,68	35	\$	3,485	\$	7,769

(1) Excludes amortization of major maintenance costs for reaction-based plants, which are a component of Adjusted EBITDA.

Adjusted EBITDA is commonly used as a supplemental financial measure by our management and external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks, research analysts and rating agencies, to assess the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structures or historical cost basis; the ability of our assets to generate cash sufficient to pay interest and support our indebtedness; and the viability of projects and the overall rates of return on alternative investment opportunities.

Since Adjusted EBITDA excludes some, but not all, items that affect net income or loss and because these measures may vary among other companies, the Adjusted EBITDA data presented in this press release may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA is net cash flow provided by operating activities.

Gross Operating Margin – UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions)								
	 For the Th Ended J			For the Si Ended J	Mo	r the Twelve onths Ended June 30,		
	2024	 2023	2024 2023			2024		
Total gross operating margin (non-GAAP) Adjustments to reconcile total gross operating margin to total operating income (addition or subtraction indicated by sign):	\$ 2,412	\$ 2,181	\$	4,902	\$	4,516	\$	9,781
Depreciation, amortization and accretion expense in operating costs and expenses ⁽¹⁾	(581)	(545)		(1,163)		(1,078)		(2,300)
Asset impairment charges in operating costs and expenses Net gains (losses) attributable to asset sales and related matters in operating costs and expenses	(4) (5)	(3) 2		(24) (5)		(16) 4		(38) 1
General and administrative costs	(57)	 (56)		(123)		(113)		(241)
Total operating income (GAAP)	\$ 1,765	\$ 1,579	\$	3,587	\$	3,313	\$	7,203

(1) Excludes amortization of major maintenance costs for reaction-based plants, which are a component of gross operating margin.

We evaluate segment performance based on our financial measure of gross operating margin. Gross operating margin is an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations and forms the basis of our internal financial reporting. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that our management uses in evaluating segment results.

The term "total gross operating margin" represents GAAP operating income exclusive of (i) depreciation, amortization and accretion expenses (excluding amortization of major maintenance costs for reaction-based plants), (ii) impairment charges, (iii) gains and losses attributable to asset sales and related matters, and (iv) general and administrative costs. Total gross operating margin includes equity in the earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, but is exclusive of other income and expense transactions, income taxes, the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles and extraordinary charges. Total gross operating margin is presented on a 100 percent basis before any allocation of earnings to noncontrolling interests. The GAAP financial measure most directly comparable to total gross operating margin is operating income.

Total gross operating margin excludes amounts attributable to shipper make-up rights as described in footnote (6) to Exhibit A of this press release.

Enterprise Products Partners L.P. Other Information – UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions)

		For the Th Ended		 For the S Ended	For the Twelve Months Ended June 30,		
	2024		 2023	 2024	 2023		2024
Capital investments:							
Capital expenditures	\$	1,264	\$ 780	\$ 2,311	\$ 1,433	\$	4,144
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates		-	-	-	-		2
Other investing activities		7	 4	 15	 5		23
Total capital investments	\$	1,271	\$ 784	\$ 2,326	\$ 1,438	\$	4,169

The following table summarizes the non-cash mark-to-market gains (losses) for the periods indicated:

		For the Three Mo Ended June 3		For the Si Ended J	For the Twelve Months Ended June 30,		
	2	024	2023	2024	2023	2024	
Mark-to-market gains (losses) in gross operating margin:							
NGL Pipelines & Services	\$	- \$	(5)	\$ (7)	\$ (19)	\$ (13)	
Crude Oil Pipelines & Services		8	(7)	12	6	1	
Natural Gas Pipelines & Services		3	4	1	2	(2)	
Petrochemical & Refined Products Services		1	1	2	1	(1)	
Total mark-to-market impact on gross operating margin	\$	12 \$	(7)	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ (10</u>)	<u>\$ (15</u>)	